UNITED NATIONS (R) — Lebanon protested to the United Nations Friday over Israeli air raids last Tuesday against targets southeast of Beirut and reserved the right to request a meeting of the Security Council. In a letter to Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, Lebanese U.N. Representative Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar, Lehanese U.N. Representative Rachid Fakhoury said three people were killed and 27 injured, including a schoolteacher and 21 children. He said Israeli Phantom-type planes bombed the villages of 'Ainab, Balssour, Chimtone and 'Ainat, firing 14 missiles and dropping a number of time bombs. One missile struck the covered playground of a school in the village of 'Ainab, he said. Beirut international airport, near the area under attack, had to be closed for 30 minutes, Fakhoury said. "The Lebanese government strongly condemns this new Israeli act of aggression, which is an attack against the sovereignty of Lebanon," he stated. The Lebanese government called on the international community and the members of the Security Council to "take all the necessary measures to put an end to Israel's acts of the Israel's acts of the Israel's ac all the necessary measures to put an end to Israel's acts of aggression," he said. "The Lebanese government reserves the right to request a meeting of the Security Council in due course."

Volume 14 Number 4026

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AMMAN SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1989, RAJAB 26, 1409

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Jordan will overcome its financial difficulties

Rifai: No peace except through conference after **Security Council accord**

AMMAN (Petra) — The Middle East conflict could be settled peacefully only through an international peace conference which should be convened after consultations and agreement among the five permanent members of the U.N. Security Council, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai has said.

The United States has a major role to play in changing the Israeli attitude when such an agreement is reached, Rifai was quoted as saying in an interview published Friday in the London-based Al Sharq Al Awsat daily.

Rifai said all obstacles on the Arab side had been removed and that the only impediment in convening an international peace conference was Israel's rejection

The prime minister said His Majesty King's preoccupation to remove all inter-Arab differences and enhance Arab solidarity was behind the efforts exerted by the King on the Arab scene. .

Rifai said Jordan's decision to sever legal and administrative links with the occupied West Bank was designed to highlight the Palestinian identity and enable the Palestine Liberation

legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, to perform its full role without any duplication of representation.

Jordan's move also aimed at demonstrating to the whole world the support that the Kingdom provides to the Palestinians to enable them to exercise their inalienable right to self-determination on their national soil, Rifai told Al Sharq Al Awsat.

Jordan's relations with the PLO are at their best and based on confidence and common interest in cooperation to serve the Palestinian cause and enable the Palestinians to achieve their national goals, the prime minister

Rifai described the economic situation in Jordan as a financial crisis rather than an economic one and attributed it to the failure on the part of some Arah counregain its strength in a matter of amounts belonged to individuals seven to ten days and reach an and institutions as deposits," he actually halanced level against said. the dollar, reflecting its genuine value rather than the rate im-

posed by the government.
The prime minister said the previous exchange rate of the dinar was unrealistic and very hearings on our foreign currency reserves... it also affected the ability of our industries to compete in the foreign market and dinar, therefore we decided to float the "Du exchange rate of the dinar,"

Rifai also referred to malpractices on the part of moneychangers, "who started increasing and decreasing the exchange rates with no relation to the supply and demand situation, thus causing market speculation."

We interfered at this stage to end such speculation and to stabilise the dinar's exchange rate without any intervention on the part of the central bank," Rifai

The prime minister rejected as

On Thursday, Arafat told

Soviet initiative was launched in

coordination with the U.S admi-

ohligations to the Kingdom. baseless suggestions that Jordan's Saudi Arabia was the only coundecision to sever formal links try to have met the obligation in with the West Bank had contrifull, he noted. The prime minister buted to the difficult economic expressed confidence that Jordan situation. "The PLO had no dewould surpass the difficult stage posits in Jordanian banks," he and the Jordanian dinar would said. "Even if it did have, such

> Rifai also rejected groundless suggestions that an alleged decrease in expatriate remittances had aggravated the problem,

Rifai confirmed that there was a relation between the financial high, "something which caused us situation in the occupied West lots of problems which had their Bank and Jordan since the currency in circulation in the West Bank is the Jordanian dinar and the citizens' deposits are also in

> "Due to the uprising, which we hope will continue, people in occupied West Bank started withdrawing from their deposits because of the lack of sufficient support caused by Israeli practices and the Israeli ban on the flow of funds to them," he said.

"Therefore, the supply of the dinar has exceeded demand and affected the value of the dinar,' Asked if the recent Royal De-

cree ordering the release of pris-

(Continued on page 2)



Prime Minister Zaid Rifai talks to the London-based Al Sharq Al Awsat daily (Petra photo)

Israelis destroy 10 Arab homes

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (Agencies) — Israeli troops de-molished or sealed 10 houses in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip of Palestinians suspected of involvement in resist-

ance activities. In the West Bank, the army hlew up seven houses and sealed an eighth late Thursday and early Friday. The homes belonged to Palestinians suspected of killing an Arab collaborator and throwing firebombs at Israeli cars and

homes, the army said. In the Gaza Strip, the army sealed rooms in two houses belonging to Palestinians suspected of throwing firebombs at an Israeli government office and torching a bus carrying workers to Israel.

Since the beginning of the Palestinian uprising in December 1987, the army has destroyed or sealed more than 200 houses, usually before suspects were convicted of any wrong-doing. The United States has condemned the practice, saying it violated the right 10 due process before the law.

The army Friday banned a planned Arab-Israeli peace rally, hut its organisers said they would defy the order.

Amiram Goldbloom, spokesman for the Peace Now movement, told Reuters the army had banned his members from travelling to the West Bank Saturday to hold peace meetings with Palestinian residents hut they would

dodge army roadhlocks.
"We have a number of alternate programmes prepared. They'll have to find us before they can stop us," he said.

An army spokeswoman said she had orders not to comment on the matter.

Goldhloom said Defence (Continued on page 2)

Moscow and EC agree on Mideast

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Spanish Foreign Minister Francisco Fernandez Ordonez and Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze held talks on the Middle East Friday and agreed that the U.N. Security Council had a major role to play in finding a settlement to the Arab-Israeli conflict.

Fernandez Ordonez, current chairman of the European Community (EC) Council of Ministers, told press conference after

the talks: "The community's position is clear - to join all efforts for peace in the interests of all parties. The year 1989 could see a first step towards peace although the process will not he quick

Shevardnadze, who visited a number of Middle East countries last week, told the Communist Party newspaper Pravda Thursday that U.N. Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar should appoint a special envoy for the

and that the prerequisites for a ership," he said.

Settlement existed.

The PLO, hy affirming its

ing to the fore now," he said. ner at any peace talks that would To pave the way for such a be held, he said, conference, "we (the Soviet Un- In another development, Egypion) plan to request Javier Perez tian sources quoted by Reuters de Cuellar to appoint an author-said the Soviet Union laid the

Security Council also intensify their consultations on the Middle East conflict and become a preparatory organisation for the conference, Shevardnadze told Prav-

The Soviet Union, which has no diplomatic ties with Israel. strongly backs an international conference to solve the Arah-

During his five-state Middle Eastern tour, which ended Monday, Shevardnadze called for six to nine months of preparations for an international conference sponsored by the U.N. Security Coun-

He said changed Palestinian attitudes had helped create the hasis for a Middle East settle-

"The situation in the Middle East has markedly changed of late. Real prerequisites for the start of a settlement have arisen," Shevardnadze was quoted as

This is mostly to the credit of Shevardnadze also said support the peaceful Palestinian uprising and to the realistic and constructive stand of the PLO (Palestine conference on the Middle East Liberation Organisation) lead-

"We are firmly convinced that readiness for a dialogue with the task of preparation of an Israel and condemning terrorism, international conference is com-

itative person acceptable to everyone as his special envoy for the Middle East," Shevardnadze said.

groundwork for a meeting to be held soon between the PLO and Egypt, Lehanon, Jordan and Syria.

Arafat defends Palestinian right to hit when attacked by Israel

ABU DHABI (Agencies) — Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said Friday PLO fighters would continue to strike back at Israel when it attacks their refugee camps, rejecting U.S. warnings that recent clashes m South Lebanon could harm the PLO-U.S dialogue. He also disclosed at a news

conference that Soviet mediation between his leadership and Israel has developed into a "a kind of indirect talks" over a Middle East peace settlement.
"We did not say that we will

stop defending our refugee camps, towns and cities which are daily raided or bombarded by the Israeli army," said Arafat.

"Do they expect me to issue orders for our forces in Lebanon to stop defending their children, women and camps," Arafat told

Israel has said attempted cross border raids by fighters from Lebanon, such as an attack Thursday by a faction of the PLO, violate Arafat's renunciation of terrorism last December. Washington has said that such

the PLO, which resumed in December after a 13-year break.

Israel through intermediaries for a ceasefire in Lebanon. Israeli officials have denied any such negotiations.

States that at a time when Israel is urging them to take a stand against the PLO, (Israel's) military leadership is asking us to return to the 1981 ceasefire in Lebanon," he said.

He said Washington had shown its respect for the PLO's views during four informal meetings with U.S. officials in Tunis.

ign Minister Eduard Shevard-

nadze, who toured the Middle

East a week ago, had said Mos-

planned an offensive into Lehanon to ease the pressure on its government from the 14-monthold nprising in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip.

He reiterated that the PLO continued to have contacts with

dent Palestinian state.

The PLO leader said Israel

"I have to remind the United

Arafat said he was optimistic the PLO-U.S. talks could lead to the establishment of an indepen-

Arafat added that Soviet Fore-

"It is wrong to believe that the Soviets are moving independently, and peace in the Middle East will not be achieved without the Americans," Arafat said.

In answer to a question, Arafat said he would not go to the United States unless he was officially invited.
"I have received tens of invita-

unless I am officially invited," he

Israel urged the United States Friday to reconsider its dialogue with the PLO in light of Thursday's attempt to attack northern Israel, the Israeli foreign ministry

tages in Israel. Senior foreign ministry official Duhai Television that Shevard- Eitan Bentsur told the secondnadze informed him that the ranking U.S. diplomat in Tel Aviv, Arthur Hughes, that Israel viewed the latest attempted raid with grave concern.

"In our opinion, this infiltration attempt and the statement by (DFLP leader Nayef) Hawatmeh that he does not consider himself committed by PLO pledges require a reconsideration of the U.S. position towards the PLO," a foreign ministry statement said.

Thursday's attempted raid was the DFLP's second in one week tions from private institutions to and third since the United States visit the United States, but as reopened talks with the PLO. PLO chairman, I would not do so The DFLP said the attack was planned in retaliation for an Israeli air raid Tuesday.

In Damascus, Hawatmeh told Reuters his group would not be bound by Arafat's pledges or called to account by the United States

Political analysts said Israeli Israeli troops killed four mem- Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir bers of the Democratic Front for will use the border attacks and the Liberation of Palestine Likud's new dominance after (DFLP) in southern Lebanon sweeping wins in local elections Thursday. The army said the four to pursue his policy of shunning



Ali Abdullah Saleh

N. Yemen approves **ACC** pact

AMMAN (Petra) — North Yemeni President Ali Abdullah Saleh has endorsed a law approving the establishment of the Arab Coopcration Council (ACC). This law was endorsed earlier by the North Yemeni cabinet and Consultative Council. Jordan, Iraq and North Yemen have thus completed the endorsement measures of the agreement related to the establishment of the ACC.

Iran puts death threat an all anti-Iclam writers

NICOSIA (Agencies) - Iran Fri- well as Muslims find the book rescinded the death threat. day put the threat of death over all writers who attacked Islam, and rejected a peace gesture by Britain in the Salman Rushdie

Demonstrators calling for the British author's death for hiasphenny in his novel "The Satanic Verses" marched on the British council in Dhaka, Bangladesh, and Muslim fundamentalists shouted threats outside the British embassy in the Philippines.

Rushdie telephoned a member of parliament Friday to express concern that the British government had turned against him in the furor over "The Satanic Verses," the legislator's aide

Rushdie called opposition law-maker Paddy Ashdown and said he was worried about Foreign Secretary Sir Geoffrey Howe's

The call was taken by Ashdown's Irish affairs researscribed the conversation to the

Ashdown, who heads the centrist Social Liberal and Democrats, had written to Rushdie expressing support, Holmes said, and Rushdie called to thank him.

"He was very concerned that the whole thing had gone into a sort of phase two, hased on Mr. Howe's comments last night." Holmes said.

Howe, in an interview Thursday, complained that the book compared Britain to Nazi Germany. But Howe affirmed again Friday that Britain regards freedom of speech as the paramount

Police in Bombay, the birthplace of the 41-year-old writer, hanned protest marches to try to cher, Alison Holmes, who de- stop anti-Rushdie violence. At least 20 people have been killed

in protests, 12 of them in Bombay In the crowded university campus in central Tehran, Iranian President Ali Khamenei praised the death order first issued by

Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini "From now on, anyone who wants to write these things, or to make a film out of it, will wait for death threats from Muslims who have accepted the imam's fatwa and want to carry it out," the Iranian news agency IRNA

quoted him as saying. Khomeini has dismissed any chance of Rushdie avoiding death and hell and has said the writer. born into a Muslim family, could

cow would pass the PLO's posiwere on their way to take hos- the PLO. raids undercut its dialogue with Drinking water in Amman – quashing the bubbles

imum control of water quality.

able standards for water

By Dr. Raja Gedeon

The writer is director of the Laboratories and Water Control Department of the Water Authority of Jordan.

THE TWO-PART article on drinking water in Amman published in the Jordan Times on Feb. 21 and 22, 1989 raised several issues concerning the quality of drinking water in Annuan. Several of the points raised were in error, or misrepresented the actual conditions. In contrast to the impression produced by the article, it is the policy and practice of the Water Authority of Jordan (WAI) to take all possible measures to protect the quality and safety of drinking water in Amman and throughout the

Before taking any action concerning the Zai treatment plant, the WAJ organised joint meetings between WAJ, the Royal Scientific Society (RSS), the University of Jordan, and the Ministry of Health to discuss the recommendations in the Thames Report of 1987.

The individuals quoted in the article in question attended these meetings, and agreed with the conditions established for supplying water from the Zai treatment plant to Amman. WAJ has met all the conditions established in the joint meetings.

The following measures have been, and are being, taken to ensure that water supplied to Amman from the Zai plant meet all recognised national and international standards for municipal drink-

American experts who were involved in the design and construction of the plant werebrought to Amman to ensure that all necessary and proper measures had been taken for correct and reliable operation of the plant.

Prior to delivering any water to Amman residents, several joint meetings were held between the WAJ, the RSS, the Ministry of Health, and the University of Jordan. All parties agreed that the procedures for start-up of the plant were adequate and proper, and that the water supplied by the Zai plant met all applic-

4. Before operation of the plant began, a detailed moniing water supply.

1. Before starting operation, toring programme was developed and instituted to detect any change in the quality of the raw water, or in the water delivered to Amman. 5. Water in the East Ghor Canal is sampled at several

sites every six bours daily and analysed for several constituents. This provides an early warning of any possible change 2. Experts in water treatin the water quality. WAJ perment processes who are familiar with the design of the Zai sonnel also survey the length of the canal daily to observe any plant have been retained to train WAJ personnel in correct event, such as an unauthorised discharge or a vehicle accident, operation of the plant, and to ensure that the plant is operwhich might influence water ated correctly to provide maxplant is monitored continuously to ensure that it meets all relevant requirements for water quality and plant operation.

7. More than 20 locations in Amman are monitored daily, and analysed for relevant water quality parameters to ensure that water delivered to consumers in Amman is safe and of the highest quality. The Jordan Times article

presents a number of unsubstantiated assertions about the water quality in Amman. The individuals quoted in the article misrepresent the capabilities of the Zai plant and the threats to water quality in the East Ghor Canal by implying that water from King Talal Dam is present in the East Ghor Canal. This is presently not the case. All former inputs to the canal from King Talal Dam have been closed. There is now no water from King

Talal Dam entering the East Ghor Canal. Upon completion of the measures to protect the water

supply in the East Gbor Canal.

individuals from RSS, the Uni-

versity of Jordan, and the Ministry of Health, including those individuals quoted in the Jordan Times articles, toured the canal and the Zai plant. All were aware of the conditions in the canal and at the treatment plant, and all agreed that the measures taken were sufficient to protect the quality of water delivered to Amman.

The following concerns, quoting apparently not very well-informed RSS and university experts, were raised in the article: 1. The Zai treatment plant is

not capable of treating the water in the East Ghor Canal. 2. The water coming to Amman from the East Ghor Canal is contaminated with trihalomethanes (THM), which pose an imminent risk of can-

cer to water consumers. 3. Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH - called PAC in the Jordan Times article) pose a significant risk to water consumers in Amman, because they are carcinogenic and accumulate in body fat.

4. Polychlorinated biphenyls (Continued on page 4)

issue in the controversy, and that he saw no possibility of normalisstatement that many Britons as ing relations with Iran until it not be forgiven.



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Coup threat grows in Sudan with no break in political crisis

KHARTOUM (R) — The threat of a military coup by junior offic-ers in Sudan is steadily increasing with no break in sight in the political crisis between the army and government, Arab and Western diplomats said Friday.

"The longer it goes on the more dangerous it will get," said a senior diplomat. 'Army chiefs say younger officers are under control, but this will lessen as time goes on. Some officers may be waiting in the wings."
Sudan's generals, frustrated by

lack of arms to fight southern rebels and fed up with bickering among 32 political parties, put the army on nationwide alert Tuesday after Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mahdi failed to meet their demands for reform.

The 53-year-old prime minister has threatened to resign unless the military gives him a free hand to form a new, broad-based gov-

Sudan's joint presidency, a largely-ceremonial five-man Supreme Council, was discussing a seven-point programme proposed by council member Mirghani Al Nasri, the official news agency SUNA reported Friday.
The vaguely-worded program-



Sadeq Al Mahdi

me included the preservation of democracy, increased support for the army, peace in the south and a struggle for economic recovery, according to the SUNA report. Troops have thrown sandbag defences around military centres

in Khartoum, including the headquarters of the artillery and engineering corps. They were also stopping and searching cars on the outskirts of the capital, residents reported Thursday.

With 60,000 soldiers bogged in the five-year-old southern war, the generals told Mahdi Feb. 20 he must either find more funds ple's authority."

for the army or negotiate peace. Diplomats, however, do not see the coup threat as coming from top commanders, who bave pledged to respect a democratie constitution established in 1986 after 16 years of dictatorship under Jaafar Numeiri.

"Not the generals, I don't think," said a Western diplomat. Only the middle-ranking and junior officers may be adventurous enough to take charge of this

Libyan leader Muammar Oadhafi, who backs the Khartoum government in the southern war, said Thursday the crisis was not due to incompetence and a coup would not solve Sudan's problems.

In a speech in Tripoli reported by the Libyan news agency JANA, Qadhafi urged Sudan to adopt "people's authority" on the Libyan model. The solution lies in changing

method and the people's own authority," Qadhafi said. "All revolutionary forces and revolutionary committees in Sudan should encourage the masses to establish peacefully peo-

to the government of the masses

ISLAMABAD (R) - A planned jahedeen. coup against Afghan President
Najibullah was uncovered by the

Afghans cutting up a wrecked Soviet tank to sell as scrap metal in Pakistan

There was no independent confirmation of either charge. government just before the last

Haq is one of the leading com-Soviet troops left the country last manders of Mujahedeen guerril-month, according to a prominent las trying to lay siege to Kabul, the Afghan capital.

He has said the guerrillas do organisation Friday quoted com-mander Abdul Haq as saying 580 outright assault in which civilians people were involved on the might be killed in large numbers, alleged plot uncovered Feb. but with the belp of sympathisers 13, two days before the end of the in the capital who would revolt

when ordered. The Afghan Media Resource Centre (AMRC) quoted Haq as Persian-speaking troops to help saying that among the alleged Najibullah's government in the comp plotters was Vice-President continuing war against the Mu-

It said the plot was uncovered by a man only identified as Guldad, second deputy to President Najibullah, whose government is fighting the rebels alone following the Soviet departure.

Haq alleged that Moscow bad left behind 10,000 Persian speak-

ing soldiers to beef up the govern-ment's resistance, AMRC said. Haq said the Soviet soldiers came from area bordering Afghanistan. A Persian dialect is one of the two main languages of the

He said they wore the uniforms of Afghan Palace guards and

mostly lived in East European

Lebanese army boosts strength in south

ZAHRANI, Lebanon (Agencies) (UNIFIL) along the border. - Some 500 soldiers of the Lebanese army, backed by 10 aging Soviet-designed tanks, deployed Friday around the Zahrani oil refinery, beefing up a brigade-strength force stationed in South Lebanon.

A military spokesman, speaking on condition of anonymity. said some soldiers of the mechanised battalion, backed by T-54 tanks, were to move later in the day to the inland town of Zaghdraya, where the Lebanese army has its most forward positions

in South Lebanon.

Zaghdraya is 20 kilometres north of Israel's self-designated Rebels say Afghan plot uncovered 'security zone" in South

Two Israeli jet fighters crisscrossed the skies on reconnaissance missions as the troops rolled south of Zahrani, 60 kilometres

The jets broke the sound barrier and drew anti-aircraft fire from Palestinian and Lebanese gunners in South Lebanon: No

hits were recorded. Major-General Sami Khatib. the U.S.-trained commander of Muslim units in the divided army, said in a recent interview he would send reinforcements to South Lebanon to fight Israel and cooperate with U.N. peacekeeping troops to enforce U.N. Secur-

ity Council Resolution 425. That resolution, passed after Israeli forces invaded South Lebanon in 1978, calls for the nnconditional withdrawal of Israeli forces and the deployment of the 5,800-strong United Na-tions Interim Force in Lebanon

LINIFIL, whose area of operations overlaps the Israeli "security zone." has still not been able to move up to the border because

the Israelis refuse to pull back.
Political sources said the reinforcements reflected the desire of Lebanon's civilian government to establish as authority in the south as it vies for power with a

military administration. The region is a staging ground for resistance attacks against Israel. It is controlled by Lebanese militias, UNIFIL, the Israeli army and the South Lebenon Army (SLA) militis.

Militiamen killed about 140 people in battles for supremacy in Beirut and the south in January before a Damascus peace pact took hold.

An army statement said the government of Salim Al Hoss approved the deployment to "back regular army troops stationed there is repulsing the continued Israeli aggression on Lebanese territory and help restore normal life."

The Hoss government is strug-gling for authority with a mibiary cabinet appointed by President Amin Gemayel before ending his term last September without a successor.

Army commander Major-General Michel Aoun, who heads the military government, has called for authorities to take control in Lebanon since his troops fongbt with militiamen last

He has an estimated 15,000 soldiers in Lebanon's Christian

Israelis destroy 10 homes

(Continued from page 1)

Minister Yitzhak Rabin had criticised the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) for allegedly stopping Arabs in the occupied territories from taking a moderate stance and entering a dialogue

"Now Rabin is doing just what he accuses the PLO of," Goldbloom said.

Troops in the West Bank town of Ramallah shot and wounded'a "Palestinian during anti-Israel clashes there, and injured one in Tulkarem and three in Hebron, hospitals reported.

Authorities ordered the Arabic-language Al Raya newspaper closed indefinitely saying it was supported by the Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine (PFLP), Palestinian sources said. In the Gaza Strip, businessman

Hashem Attar Al Shawa sent a "telegram to "military government" head Ariyeh Sbiffman

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tive measures were driving the strip's traders to hankruptcy. Shawa, head of the Gaza Citrus Growers Union, said as long as

Israel occupied the strip with its 650,000 mainly refugee Arah residents: "You have the responsibility to take care of Gaza." The Islamic Resistance Movement Hamas called Friday for a

general strike in the occupied territories and a week-long confrontation with Israel to mark the feast of Isra and Mi'raj.
In a statement sent to Reuters in Cyprus, the fundamentalist organisation called for seven days

of struggle against the occupation

beginning Friday. Hamas also called for a general strike Thursday, March 9, which marks the beginning of the 16tb month of the uprising.

"The land of Palestine was honoured by this miracle (Isra and Mi'raj) so the boliness of Palestine is related to that of

The state of the s

BODY SHAPING

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AEROBIC.

Islamic movement may contest Knesset elections

By Howard Goller Reuter

TEL AVIV - The spiritual leader of the Islamie movement in Israel, buoyed by strong Arab support in local voting this week says the group accepts Israel's right to exist and might contest parliamen-

Prime Minister Yitzhak Shamir, whose hardline Likud party scored a landslide victory among Jews in Tuesday's municipal elections, said Wednesday the rise of the Islamic movement demonstrated a worrying cycle of extremism.

But the movement's spiritual leader Sheikh Abdallah Nimr Darwish denied this, citing his groups acceptance of Israel and saying it would work for change within the law. "We are citizens of the state of Israel. That means we rec-

rebel commander.

Soviet withdrawal.

A rebel Mujahedeen news

Haq was also quoted as saying Moscow bad left behind 10,000

ognise the state of Israel publicly and out loud," be told Israel Radio. Speaking in Hebrew, he said the movement would consider running in electious for the

Knesset (parliament) due in "It's early yet to talk of running for the Knesset. But I want to say we will consider it and if there is a place for us to run, we will run," be said, adding the expression "B'ezrat Hasbem," Hebrew for "With

God's Help. Muslims make up 615,000 of Israel's 4.4 million people.

The Islamic movement, the Israeli arm of the Muslim Brotherbood, emerged as a new political force with Tuesday's voting. It won 12 out of 15 seats on the council of Umm Al Fahm, Israel's second largest Arab town.

It took six of 19 seats in Nazareth, the largest Arab town where half the population

The Communist Party was the big loser in Arab sector polls, and a party leader, Salem Joobran, blamed the spread of Islamic fundamentalism in the Middle East since the 1979 Iranian revolution.

But Hussein Abu Hussein, a secular Umm Al Fahm lawyer, said many residents supported

the Muslim list in hopes of better public services after decades of communist rule, and not out of fundamentalist convictions.

The Islamie Resistance Movement, the Muslim Brotherhood's wing in the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip, is active in the 14-monthold Palestinian uprising and has vowed to establish an Islamic state in place of Israel.

Asked about the Islamic movement's past opposition to Israel, Sheikh Abdallah said: "Every man and every politician in the Middle East - or ask any politician in the state of Israel about his political past — had some sort of struggle, did he not?"

(Continued from page 1)

oners included administrative detainees, Rifai said there were no political prisoners in Jordan "because we do not sentence individuals to imprisonment just because of their party affiliation or affiliation to illegal organisations despite the fact that such organisations are violating the law."

Rifai said the Royal Decree covered those who were sentenced after being convicted of criminal acts which could be committed against a political background.

Rifai said the number of those serving administrative detention terms did not exceed 35 and that they were all released.

On Jordan's efforts to achieve rapprochement between Cairo and Damascus and Damascus and Baghdad. Rifai said that the major preoccupation of King Hussein was to remove inter-Arab differences and to strengthen Arab solidarity.

"It is for this reason that King Hussein has been exerting untiring efforts to clear the Arab atmosphere," he said.

Rifai pointed out that a special committee entrusted with drawing up the Jordanian Election Law was about to complete its work and submit its proposals and recommendations to amend the election law, excluding the West Bank, which has become part of the land of the state of Palestine, which Jordan has recognised." Rifai said the Jordanian eco-

growth rates, when compared with other countries in the region or even in the world."

"The problem which we have faced and are still suffering from is the shortage of bard currency which we need to pay for servicing debts," be said.
Rifai noted that Jordan's debts

bave accumulated because it did not receive the full amounts pledged by Arab countries at the Baghdad summit in 1978. The only Arab country which has honoured its commitment is Saudi Arabia while other countries either honoured part of their commitments or did not pay regularly throughout the last 10 years, he said.

"The government debts throughout this period were based on the assumption that the expected Arab assistance was enough to settle our debts and interests. But when this assistance did not arrive, we were forced to settle our debts from our reserves in order to maintain our credibility in the world. This situation forced us to reconsider our financial and economie situation, given the fact that we reached a situation whereby we could not continue to settle onr

debts from our own resources. Therefore restructured our entire economy and curbed our public spending and rationalised the use of foreign currency, adopted some difficult measures, which were hard both to the

The economic measures adopted an internation adopted by Jordan, Rifai said, are not temporary but reflect but a new trend aimed at achieving self-reliance, overcoming the difficult situation and avoiding any similar crises in the future.

Rifai said the new policy would continue for several years. Rifai stressed that the problem does not lie in Jordan's debts to governments but in its commercial and hank debts, which need an international coverage

through the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund. Jordan has not applied for any IMF assistance, Rifai said. However, he added, two teams from the World Bank and IMF visit the Kingdom every year and "we discuss with them the financial, economie and monetary

"The World Bank team was here two weeks ago, and the IMF team will be arriving in few days. Following our talks with the visiting IMF team, we will request the IMF to assist us to reschedule our

Rifai outlined Jordan's role in the Middle East peace process, saying that it supports the PLO in whatever it decides and its endeavour to achieve its objectives. "We are part of the Arab World and part of the region, so our role in any peace process will be supportive of the PLO. However, we also bave a role to play as one of the frontline states." Rifai added.

nomy was an intact economy country and the citizens." Rifai said the PLO had acceptable position and succeeded in winning U.S. approval to start a dialogue with it after announcing its well-known resolutions adopted in Algiers by the Palestine National Council (PNC) and PLO Chairman Yasser Arafat's positions as voiced before the United Nations General Assembly

Rifai pointed out that the U.S. and the Soviet Union, in addition to the other member states of the U.N. Security Council, have contributed to solving the problems of Afghanistan, Kampucha and Angola and to the ceasefire between Iran and Iraq.
Rifai said Middle East peace

would be forthcoming when these states reach at an agreement among themselves on a solution to the Arab-Israeli question.

The march for peace in the Middle East cannot be initiated except through an international conference, which cannot be convened until these states reach an agreement," he said. The prime minister said the

United States should play a major role in developing and changing the Israeli position to accept peaceful initiatives Rifai voiced hope that interna-

tional pressures and efforts made by Arab countries and Jordan, in addition to the PLO's dialogue with the U.S. could lead to crystallising an American position capable of initiating the peace. aid uprising victims OCCUPIED JERUSALEM "The Zionists have led the (AP) — Members of an antiworld to believe that all Jews Zionist, ultra-orthodox Jewish

Anti-Zionist Jews

sect have contributed \$12,000 to aid Palestinians wounded or imprisoned during the uprising. saying the money was a way of 'asking forgiveness." Wearing traditional black hats and long black coats, members of the Neturei Karta movement also banded out Thursday

bags of sweets wrapped in

beart-festooned paper and tied

with ribbons to uprising victims at three Palestinian bospitals. The sweets were accompanied by -a mote in Arabic. "Wishing a complete recovery and asking their forgiveness." said Rabbi Mosbe Hirsch, a leader of the small Jewish sect that opposes the founding of

the state of Israel. Hirsch said the group was "trying to help our fellow Palestinians realise that their miserable plight does not stem from the Jewish people but rather from a power clique in Israel who exploits Jewish values.'

act like savages - by their attempt to suppress the intifada through inhumane behaviour, said Hirsch.

The New York-born Hirsch said Neturei Karta collected contributions from ultra-orthodox Jews living in Jerusalem's Mea Shearim neighbourhood. The group's several thousand members in Israel oppose the state, contending that a Jewish state should not be formed before the coming of the Messiah. The \$12,000-contribution

was to be distributed to three Palestinian hospitals in the West Bank and from Jerusalem, as well as Crescent Society. Society head Dr.

Matuk accepted a \$3,000 check to be distributed to Palestinians detained in Israeli prisons since the start of the uprising.

"We highly esteem this con-tribution, it has come in a way that will give us spirit to con-tinue our humanitarian work," Matuk said.

Mousavi says he will not run for presidency

NICOSIA (R) — Iranian Prime Minister Mir-Hussein Mousavi says be will not stand as a candidate in forthcoming presidential elections, the Iranian news agency IRNA reported Friday.

IRNA, received in Nicosia, said Mousavi made clear be was not a candidate in a two hour interview published in full by the evening Farsi newspaper Ettelaat Thursday. "Premier Mousavi ruled out his

candidacy in the presidential polis," IRNA said. Commenting on the coming elections, Mousavi said: "We elect a president without foreign interference which is an extraordinary phenomenon in the Third

World He said the executive system ensures that "no political contradictions" can influence what he

called the normal trend. "Naturally some changes may occur in the country's management and naturally a new government may come and some others would go," he added.

He described the presidential elections as "an exciting and holy task" for Iran. Iran's Interior Minister Ali Akbar Mohtashemi said recently

that the presidential elections would be beld between July 23 and Aug. 22. President Ali Khamenei's

second four year term runs out in October. He is barred by law from seeking a third term.

Speaker of Parliament Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani has already declared his candidacy. President Khamenei has said Raf-

sanjani is the best man for the

JORDAN TELEVISION Tel: 773111-19

PROG	GRAMME ONE
15:30	Koran
15:40	Programme review
15-45	Children programme
17:00	Educational programme
17:30	The Friends
18: 0 0	News summary
18:05	Message from Iraq
18:1S	A play by Shakespeare
19:00	Local programme
19:40	Programme review
28:00	
20:30	

Arabic series

Local programme

News in French La Vie En Panne

..... News in Arabic PROGRAMME TWO 18:00 Cousteau: A la Redecouverte du Monde

19:30	News in Hebrew
	Natural Phenomena
20:00	News in Arabic
20:30 Special pro-	gramme: Hot Springs
in Jordan	•
21:00	Alfred Hitchcock
21-30 S	aturdey Verioty Show
22:00	News in English
22:20 Peature fil	m: "Molly and Law-

PRAYER TIMES

CHURCHES
Sit. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieb, Tcl. 810740
Assemblies of God Church, Tel. 632785.
St. Joseph Church Tel. 624590. Church of the Annunciation Tel.
637440. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasanta Church Tel: 622366
Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541
Anglican Church Tel. 625383, Tel. 628543.
Armenian Calbolle Church Tel. 771331.
Armenian Orthodox Church Tel, 775261.
St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751, Asuman International Church Tel. 685326.

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Evangelical Lutheran Church Tel: 811295.	AMMA Dr. Sai Dr. Kb
Rainbow Congregation Tel. 822605. The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter- Day Saints Tel. 815817, 821264	Dr. Mo Dr. Ah Firas pi

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Hotel Complaints	605800
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HOSPITALS	
MMAN:	
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halidi Maternity, J. Amm 644281/6	
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bal Amman Maternity 642362	
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-Ahli Abdali 664164/6	
dian. Al-Muhaireen 777101/3	
-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh 775111/26	
ANTICO MAILE	

Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50

DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR Zarqa Govt. Hospital Zarqa National Hospital ... Ibn Sina Hospital TRBID: Princest Basma Hospital ... (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital ... (02)272275 Ibn Al Nafees Hospital (02)247100 Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111 MARKET PRICES

Upper/lower price in lits per kg.

Apple	JUU / 400
Banana	350 / 300
Banana (Mukammar)	300 / 250
Broad beans	280 / 220
Cabbage	140 / 100
Carrots	220 / 200
Cauliflower	130 / 100
Cucumbers	400 / 350
Eggolagi	320 / 260
Eggplaci	220 / 200
Grapetruil	270 / 230
Lemon	360 / 300
Lettuce (per one)	140 / 100
Marrow (large)	220 / 180
Marrow (small)	420 / 360
Orange (Shammouti)	420 / 360
Orange (local)	360 / 300
Onion (dry)	
Onion (green)	220 / 200

420 / 350 340 / 280 100 / 70 FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA**

This information is supplied by Royal Jordanian (RI) information department at the Queen Alia International Airport Tel. (08)53200-5, where it should always be verified.

INTERNATIONAL **AIRPORT**

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

04:30	Singapore, Kunh Lumpur	(R
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NATIONAL NEWS IN BRIEF

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KING CONGRATULATES MOROCCO: His Majesty King Hussein Thursday sent a cable of congratulations to Morocco's King Hassan on the anniversary of his accession to throne. In his cable the King wished King Hassan good health and the Moroccan people further progress and prosperity. (Petra)

LIQUOR STORES TO CLOSE ON SUNDAY: All liquor stores. bars and nightchubs in Amman and its suburbs will be closed as of Saturday evening and until Monday morning according to instructions issued by Amman Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin. The order was issued to coincide with the Kingdom's celebration of the Israa Wal Mi'raj feast, which falls Sunday, when religious ceremonies are normally held in mosques to mark the occasion. Sunday has been announced a public holiday during which all government departments and public institutions will remain closed on the occasion.

HAWARI RECEIVES CHINESE AIDE: Ministry of Public Works and Housing Secretary General Khalaf Al Hawari Thursday discussed with the Chinese deputy minister of mining spheres of mutual cooperation in the field of construction. They also discussed the Al Hussein Sports City project which a Chinese company is carrying out at the cost of JD 7.5 million, in accordance with a cooperation agreement signed between the two countries. (Petra)

JABR HOLDS TALKS WITH ENVOYS: Agriculture Minister Yousef Hamdan Al Jabr Thursday discussed with the Australian ambassador in Amman spheres of cooperation in the field of agriculture. He also received the Chinese ambassador to Jordan at the conclusion of his tour of duty. (Petra)

ART EXHIBITION: A four-day exhibition has been opened at the Petra Bank Gallery by Plastic Artist Ahmad Subeih. The exhibition includes 34 pieces of art depicting Jordan's rural houses and old market places, in addition to life style and traditions. (Petra)

JBA elects president

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Jordan Bar Association (JBA) Thursday elected Walid Abdul Hadi as its president, while the names of the members did not appear until late Friday night. Walid Abdul Hadi won 440 votes in the second round of elections which was held Thursday evening after the failure of any of the other contestants to obtain 51 per cent of the total votes. The ex-president of JBA Sulaiman Al Hadidi won 323 votes while Zuhair Abn Al Ragheb, another contestant for the presidency, won 297 votes only. (J.T.)

RJ to begin flights to Jakarta in April

AMMAN (Petra, J.T.) - Royal Balgaz at the head of a delega-Jordanian (RJ), the national airline, will start operating flights to Jakarta, Indonesia, towards by the end of April. an RJ statement released here said Friday.

will start at the rate of two a week, increasing gradually to four weekly flights by 1990, in accordance with an agreement concluded with Indonesia in

The agreement was reached during a tour of three Far Eastern discussed the prospects of nations by Civil Aviation Authority Director General Mahmoud ment.

By the end of April 1989. Jakarta will be the fourth station after Bnagkok, Kuala Lumpur eleased here said Friday. and Singapore for RJ planes in the national airline's Far East network, the statement noted.

It said that RJ has plans to operate flights to Peking, Tokyo, Sydney and Manila as a next step. Manila was one of the Far Eastern capitals visited by Balgaz during his January trip where he

reaching an air transport agree-

Princess Rahmeh centre to serve as regional HQ

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Princess League and its affiliated organisa-Centre at Allan, near Salt, has been chosen to serve as a regional beadquarters for a United Nations centre for promoting agra-rian reform and rural develop-

end of a three-day meeting by the U.N. centre's board members who discussed matters related to the functions, activities, programmes, and the budget of the centre, as well as relations and cooperation with other world orgamisations.

Delegates representing Jordan, Egypt, Syria, Iraq. Tunisia, and Pakistan discussed these matters and said in a final statement that sion of the three-day meeting the new centre at Allan should emhark on immediate operati- project which aims at developing ons which also include training courses for personnel from the participating countries.

The statement noted that Jordan will bear the initial cost of establishing the centre by provid-ing financial requirements and furniture, as well as part of the

and Agriculture Organisation (FAO), to which this centre is affiliated, the Economic and So-cial Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA), the Internationment in countries of the Near al Labour Organisation (ILO) and the World Health Organisation (WHO), the statement pointed ont.

> Dr. Shahib Ahu Jaber from Jordan has been appointed director of the centre which, according to FAO officials, will help prom-ote the exchange of expertise in rural development and agrarian reform in countries of the Near East region.

Speeches at the opening sesunderline the importance of the rural regions and stemming the movement of citizens from rural to urban regions.

In the past three days the delegates discussed and endorsed statutes regarding the centre's activities, administrative structure and function, and other operations.

staff.

The meeting was sponsored jointly by FAO and Ministry of cooperation with the Arab Social Development.

WHAT'S GOING ON

The following listings are compiled from monthly bulletins and

the daily Arabic press. Readers are advised to verify the listed

EXHIBITIONS

* The Arab Contemporary Artists exhibition at Al Wasiti

An exhibition entitled "The Icebreaker" which includes show-

ing a film about the activities of a Swedish icebreaker and the

environment surrounding it, a photo exhibition and a radio programme at the French Cultural Centre.

An art exhibition by Mohammad Bolis and Munica Al

★ The Yemeni national heritage exhibition which includes Yemeni

An exhibition of photographs and paintings showing the main European cities in three historical eras, at the University of Jordan.

☆ An exhibition of paintings for children by Titiana Rifai and

A plastic art exhibition by Rula Shuqairi at the Royal Cultural

* A plastic art exhibition by Noelle Shawa at Alia Art Gallery.

An art exhibition by Ahmed Subeih at the Petra Bank Gallery.

★ A graphic art exhibition displaying works by German artists
 Liebermann, Slevogt and Corinth at the Jordan National

Amman International Book Exhibition which includes various

☆ An Italian film entitled "Le Olimpiadi Della Giungla" at Haya

FILM

scientific, literary, religious and children's books at the

costumes, handicrafts, photos and books at the Yarmouk

time and place with the concerned institutions.

Tunisiyya at Al Qadisiyya College.

Karoline Ayoub at Haya Arts Centre.

International Motor Centre.

Arts Centre — 7:30 p.m.

formed Arab Women's Scientific Council in Am-Her Royal Highness Princess Basma Thursday chairs the board of directors meeting of the newly

Princess Basma urges participation in AWSC to help develop women's status

AMMAN (Petra) - A two-day meeting for the Arah Women Scientific Council's (AWSC) Board of Directors, chaired by Her Royal Highness Princess Basma, concluded here Friday and adopted a number of decisions designed to improve the condition of poor rural and urban women through the introduction of projects and programmes that benefit them.

The board decided to introduce comprehensive pan-Arab projects, programmes, and activities, that ensure the integration of the economic, social, political and cultural dimensions.

the council coordinate with similar Arab organisations and institutions and to take part in Arah and international conferences. The board elected Secretary

General of the Economic and

Social Commission of Western Asia (ESCWA) Tayseer Abdul Jaber as vice president of the council,

The board met in Amman Thursday under the chairmanship of Her Royal Highness Princess Basma to review the council's programmes and means of achieving its objectives.

The AWSC, which was formed last October, aims to advocate women's role in community development and to enhance female leadership in dealing with nation-

Addressing the opening session of the two-day meeting, Princess Basma called for widening the Participants also decided that base of the council by inviting qualified men and women from the Arah World to join as members and contribute to the development of women's status.

ticipation in social and cultural affairs should be allowed to have a share in the council's activities, which aim to highlight and promote women's role in all development domains." Princess Basma The princess paid tribute to the

promotion of Arab women's par-

Arab women who had contrihuted to social development in the past years and said the coun-cil's board "ought to exert serious efforts to increase Arah women's participation in such endeavours. Dr. Tayseer Abdul Jaber, who

is a member of the council's board, said the meeting was cal-led to take the council from the stage of establishment to that of

Princess Basma was elected unanimously as president of the council at the October meeting which was attended by 18 dele-"People concerned with the gates from six Arab countries.

Queen Alia foundation team begins testing people with hearing problems

on a large scale programme of examining people with hearing problems and providing them with hearing aids.

The team started its campaign. lems. . at the Mu'ta special education hearing aids free of charge.

A foundation spokesman said

that the campaign will essentially cover remote regions where there is no sufficient and proper care for children with hearing prob-

Cases which are too difficult to. centre near Karak where its deal with during the teams' tours, members examined a number of he said, will be referred to the children and provided them with foundation's hearing and speech centre in Amman.

that the hearing aids were pre- citizens especially students to be- with GUVS.

KARAK (Petra) A team of specialists from the Queen Alia Union of Voluntary Societies Foundation for Hearing and Speech (QAFHS) has embarked A spokesman for the team said hearing problems to specialists at services and appealed to parents hearing problems to specialists at an early stage so that better and faster cure can be ensured.

> The teams will carry out the campaign in the remote regions with the belp of a mobile clinic fully equipped with instruments and qualified staff, the spokesman said.

The campaign, be added, is The spokesman called on being carried out in cooperation

Cairo seminar to discuss ways of providing people with potable water

providing potable water for the and waste water, as well as sound public and means of disposing of sewage and other waste.

A statement here Friday said that experts in these matters, who will take part in the discussions, will review a number of working papers which cover such issues as providing protection to water re-

sources from pollutants. The papers also cover the ques-

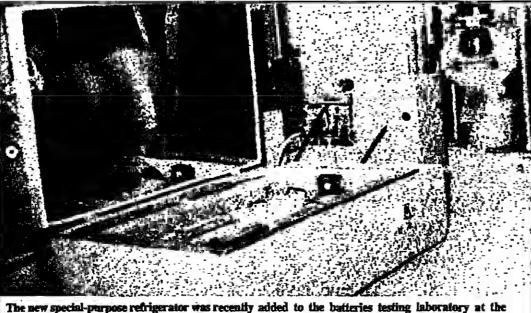
drinking water to population cen-

The seminar in Cairo comes here last month hy Swedish experts conducting study on pollntion sources in Jordan.

The experts, invited by the govrevealed that one of the most the Swedish team.

AMMAN (Petra) - Jordan and tion of industrial waste, which is polluted areas in the country was Egypt will hold a joint seminar in the major source of water pollu-Cairo next month on ways of tion, and the treatment of waste of factory waste and municipal waste water. The pollutants they measures to follow in supplying said can have serious effects on

> The study, on the environment close on the heels of a disclosure in general and water resources in particular, is being conducted by the Department of Environment at the Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Enerument to carry ont this task, vironment in cooperation with



Royal Scientific Society.

Battery refrigerator made at RSS

AMMAN (J.T.) — A new piece of equipment has been recently added to the Batteries Testing Laboratory of the Mechanical Engineering Department at the Royal Scientific Society, RSS. It is a special-purpose refrigerator designed and manufactured by

This new refrigerator will be used in conducting high rate discharge and charge accept-. ance tests of lead-acid batteries

the RSS mechanical workshop.

at zero degrees centigrade. This new device was thought of in light of the following

The accumulation of work at

the Batteries Testing Labora-

tory due to the insufficient capacity of the existing refrigeration unit. The continuous need for ex-

tra workers to transport batteries to the existing refrigerator, which is far away from the

The high operating cost of the existing device (17.8 Kw/ In light of these factors, Osa-

ma Melhem of the RSS Mechanical Engineering Department suggested a new special design of a refrigerator suitable for testing lead-acid batteries, and at the same time to be able to save 98 per cent of the power consumed by the existing one.

The scientific, social, practic-

al, and economic feasibility of the new device has been veri-

Melhem prepared the mechanical drawings, thermodynamic calculations, electrical control circuit, and engineering design of the refrigeration

In March 1988, analysis was carried out to test the components of batteries so as to determine the average weights of the individual components involved in thermodynamic calculations.

The capacity of the new device was designed to match the joh specifications and this resulted in a distinguished and useful device - RSS News.

Masri: Kingdom's illiteracy rate stands at 15%

Jordan's illiteracy rate expected to reach 10 per cent by year 2000

By Rania Atalla Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan's illiteracy rate, currently standing at 15 per cent, is expected to reach 10 per cent by the year 2000 and may even hit the five to seven per cent mark by the turn of the century, once additional illiteracy eradication programmes are carried out in cooperation with Arab and international organisations, according to Ministry of Education Undersecretary Munther Al Masri.

from its traditional on-going literacy projects, the Ministry of Education plans to carry out 'sectoral literacy projects" starting 1990, the international litera-

Among the ministry's first four-year-long "sectoral pro-jects" is the Jordan Valley project, expected to benefit 12,000 citizens. The ministry intends to carry out similar projects in the rural areas and the Badia.

Masri noted that the Kingdom had achieved its current 15 per cent illiteracy rate (for those be-tween 15 and 45 years of age) by providing the first ten years of schooling free of charge and hy arranging literacy programmes for those who had no chance to receive formal schooling - a group that constitutes 22 per cent of Jordanians above 16 years of

According to the ministry figures, more than 10,000 individuals, 8,927 of whom are females, were registered for literacy programmes during the 1988-89 scholastic year. Over the past 20 years, more than 150,000 Jordanians bad joined illiteracy eradication classes in the country.

Despite the Kingdom's "low" illiteracy rate, the ministry has assigned special importance to its literacy programmes, establishing

Speaking at a press conference centres for free literacy courses in Thursday. Masri said that apart all areas with 10 or more learners.

the undersecretary noted. He said the ministry has already started executing programmes for those in the postilliteracy stage, including evening classes for those who have completed elementary school in addition to "non-structured" or home dom would be difficult to study programmes for those who achieve. had no opportunity for formal

schooling.
In 1987, the national education conference called for the elimination of the causes and "sources of illiteracy." It recommended that illiteracy eradication campaigns be conducted for those over 50 years of age.

Earlier this month, the United Nations Education, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UN-ESCO) launched the first regional programme for the universalisation and renewal of primary education and the eradication of the year 2000.

UNESCO statistics put the (15 years and above) at 35 per cent among females, compared to dan, the illiteracy rate among levels. women is 30 per cent, compared to half of that percentage among

men, Masri notes. UNESCO figures also cite a 50 per cent the Arab World's average illiteracy rate for men com-

pared to 70 per cent for women. The U.N. estimates that in 1985 there were 889 million illiterate adults in the world -27.7 per cent of all those over 15 years of age. Nearly 98 per cent of those live in developing countries, with Asia alone having 666 million illiterates. The majority of the world illiterates live in

rural areas. The General Union of Voluntary Societies (GUVS) director; Dr. Abdullah Al Khanb, who also addressed Thursday's conference, said that without the support of voluntary organisations, the ministry's objective of eradicating illiteracy in the King-

GUVS runs 245 litreacy centres in the West Bank benefitting approximately 6,000 individuals. according to Khatib who estimated the illiteracy rate in West Bank at "no more than 15 per

cent" for the 15-45 age group. Khatib announced that GUVS will give out three monetary prizes worth JD 5,000 each for any individual or group of people who achieve remarkable goals for the 1990 international literacy

Dr. Abdul Wahad Youssef of the UNESCO regional office in illiteracy in the Arab World by Amman said the 1990 illiteracy eradication programme for the Arab World will be launched world illiteracy rate among adults from Jordan since the Kingdom's programme can be taken as a model for other Arab countries, 20.5 per cent for males. In Jor- on both the official and popular

He expressed UNESCO's willingness for cooperation with the men. thus, the justification for the Kingdom's 9,000 literacy centres for women and the 1,000 for couraging."

Kingdom, the illiteracy situation of which he described as "encouraging." Kingdom, the illiteracy situation

Majali asked to join U.N. University . board

AMMAN (J.T.) — Dr. Abdul Salam Al Majali, president of the University of Jordan, ceived an invitation from United Nations Secretary General Javier Perez de Cuellar and United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organisation (UN-ESCO) Director-General Frederico Mayor to join the board of trustees of the United Nations' University for the next six years starting May 3, 1989. Majali has been a member of this university's board from 1977-1982.

Based in Tokyo, Japan, and supervised by the U.N. and UN-ESCO, the United Nations University was founded on the concept of an international university responsible for providing scien-tific freedom and benefiting from the experiences of international scientists and researchers, hy coordinating with the scientific institutions and research centres all over the world.

The university provides training on higher education levels and spreads knowledge and science all over the world. Among the researches that the university conducts are human rights, communal integration, language and the social system, peace and relations among countries, economic and social change, development and environment as well as the proper use of natural resources.

The board of trustees draws the policies and the principles concerning the university's activities and discusses its programmes and budget which reaches a sum of \$100 million.

Khatib opens lab at Agaba power station

AQABA (Petra, J.T.) - A chemical laboratory built at the Aqaha Thermal Power Station was inaugurated Thursday by Minister of Energy and Mineral Resources Hisham Al Khatib.

The laboratory was financed by the Italian government and set up in cooperation with the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA). which is running the power station in the port city.

Italian Ambassador to Jordan Frencesco de Curten and JEA Director Mohammad Arafeh were among dignitaries attending the inauguration ceremony.

The Italian government has contributed nearly \$836,000 in the form of a grant to this project and it will be providing training.

JDA starts dental safety campaign

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jordan presenting reports featuring de-Dentists Association (JDA) has embarked on a week-long campaign to spread awareness among olchildren about the need to care for their teeth on a regular

The campaign, which is being launched in cooperation with the ministries of Health and Education, entails free of charge treatment of children with teeth problems by dentists from the public and private sector, and visits to schools, as well as lectures on dental safety.

The campaign is being backed Deputy by the media especially the Jordan Television which has been Hindawi.

ntists in action. The week-long campaign pre-cedes Jordan's observance of the

Arab Dental Health Day which falls on March 9, according to JDA President Ishaq Al Khairi. Khairi told a press conference bere that the observance of March 9 as the Arab Dental Health Day was in implementation of a decision taken by the

Arab health ministers meeting. He said the main ceremony on March 9 will be sponsored by Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Thougan

Rawabdeh: Municipality to develop touristic sites

reach an agreement with a financial institution to sponsor a feasibility study to develop archaeological and touristic areas in the beart of the capital, Mayor Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh announced

Thursday.

He said that the development of these areas will coincide with the implementation of a project to improve and facilitate traffic movement within the capital's central regions which are inhabited by some 35,000 people.

the Professional Associations vices.

AMMAN (Petra) — Greater Complex in Amman, the mayor Amman Municipality will soon noted that the repair and restoration work at the archaeological areas and the improvement of the streets are part of a comprehensive plan to develop the capital.

> The municipality, he said, will embark on these projects with the start of the coming month in accordance with decisions reached by the municipal council meetings recently.

Rawabdeb said the project for improving services inside the city will benefit the local inhabitants Addressing a meeting held at who, at present, lack basic ser-

NOTICE **AQABA RAILWAY CORPORATION** NOTICE FOR PROCUREMENT **PURCHASE OF 40 PHOSPHATE HOPPER** WAGONS **TENDER NO. 1/1989**

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Tender documents can be purchased on payment of a non-refundable sum of JD 160: from A.R.C. representative in our liaison office at Amman Station or from Ma'an offices of A.R.C.

The last date for submission of offers is 12.00 O'clock Wednesday 3.5.1989. The tenders are required to be submitted in a large sealed envelope, on which shall be written clearly the name and the number of the tender, and which should contain two sealed envelopes, one in respect of the technical offer and the other in respect of the financial offer. Sealed tenders are to be handed over to the Chief Clerk, A.R.C. head office at Ma'an.

> Mardi Qatamin **Director General**

بوربن تأبعز بومية غربية سيأسية مستكلة نصحر بالإنجليزية عن للؤسسة الصحعية الأربنية

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Commendable decision

THE decision by the Council of Ministers Tuesday to subsidise basic food commodities to the tune of JD 60 million this year alone, in order to maintain their current prices, is a living proof that Prime Minister Zaid Rifai's government is determined to give the Jordanian economy a humane face come what may. Pure and simple economic considerations would have called for the elimination of food subsidies. That is exactly what "cold-blooded" economists, local and international, would have Jordan do under the existing economic circumstances. But as His Majesty King Hussein has repeatedly emphasised, the most precious asset that Jordan has is its people. Accordingly, the well being of our citizens remains Jordan's top priority as always. Moreover, the human dimension of economic policies would lend an added support to the subsidy decision. An inseparable element of His Majesty's edict is that monetary and economic policies should serve man and not the other way around. And given the economic and fiscal adjustments that Jordan and Jordanians had to undergo and experience of late as a consequence of the devaluation of the dinar, it would have caused the average Jordanian an undue hardship to have to deal with inflationary trends in basic necessities of life. Economic theorists, who enjoy high economic splendour, can of course afford to theorise on the economic wisdom of removing subsidies of even basic food

The rank and file Jordanian, however, can ill afford such a luxury, as the mouths he or she has to feed cannot stomach such economic abstractions even though they may seem potent and real from an economist's point of view. In any case it is a big relief to know that basic food commodities such as wheat, sugar, milk, meat, poultry, barley and maize will retain their existing level of pricing for the rest of the year. It goes without saying that the average Jordanian can do without cars or air conditioning or foreign cigarettes, but he certainly cannot be expected to survive without keeping basic foodstuffs within his monetary reach. The government deserves to be commended for its brave decision to put man and his basic needs ahead of other material objectives. This is the most pragmatic way to prove that man in Jordan is most precious and that his welfare and well-being come ahead of all other considerations. What remains to be done is the articulation of policy guidelines with regard to lesser and lesser important commodities in Jordanian life. Such commodities should be taxed according to their level of importance all the way up to the level of luxury items on which there is a clear Jordanian consensus that Jordan and Jordanians can ill afford, given the economic and monetary adjustments that the country has had to undergo. And it goes without saying that once Jordan and Jordanians are once again on their feet, the need to maintain food subsidies would diminish. All signs indicate that that point in economic terms is sure to come.

JORDAN PRESS EDITORIALS

JORDANIAN newspapers Friday commented on statements by Soviet Foreign Minister Eduard Shevardnadze in Pravda newspaper in which he said that there is a good opportunity now for the settlement of the Middle East problem. Al Ra'i Arabic daily said that the Soviet minister came out with this impression following his latest tour in the Middle East and in the light of the prevailing detente that is easing tension world-wide. The paper said that Moscow's views conform to those of the Arah countries which have been demanding the convening of an international conference to implement U.N. Security Council resolutions 242 and 338. Indeed our region does not need new initiatives but the implementation of resolutions that are sufficient for the establishment of the aspired peace, said the paper. For peace to be achieved in our area, the paper noted, Washington and Moscow should join hands with the European Community and a peace conference should be convened as soon as possible

A columnist in Al Ra'i daily is in the view that the Arah World should adopt a unified political stand as to the various initiatives being offered now and then for solving the Arab Israeli conflict. Rakan Majali, who is also the newspaper editor says that this Middle East region is now being; put to the test and is being bambarded with proposals and ideas for ending the conflict between the Arab and the Israelis although nothing has yet materialised. The writer says that the United States has not yet formulated a specific conception on resolving the issue and indeed the U.S. is in collusion with Israel to find an alternative to the projected international conference which is sought by the Arabs as a forum for resolving their conflict with Israel. The only feasible position is that to which Jordan has adhered since the 1967 occupation of Palestinian land and that is a demand for an international parley with the participation of all concerned parties including the PLO and the Security Council members, the writer notes. He says that we hear moderate ideas from the European Community and support for the Arab cause from Moscow, but what really counts is a strong, united and firm Arab national stand vis-a-vis the whole issue so as to confront the challenge and deal with any enemy plans to divert world attention from the real problem in our area.

Al Dustour daily commented also on Shevardnadze's statement which it describes as containing a practical proposal to end the present deadlock in the search for peace. The paper said that the Soviet minister had come to the conclusion that the Middle East region is very explosive and could flare up in a renewed conflict any moment. He said that every thing possible should be made to end the Arab-Israeli dispute through an international conference which is widely accepted, the paper noted. It said that the Arabs are for Shevardnadze's idea of convening a Security Council meeting to pave the way for such international parley and so win the United States support for a lasting and just peace.

Sawt Al Shaab daily commented on the government's decision to maintain its subsidy of basic food commodities regardless of a rise in their cost on international markets. The paper said that the decision taken by the Council of Ministers and the government's determination to maintain sufficient strategic food supplies sufficing the country for at least five months give clear indication of keenness on providing stability in the country and maintaining reasonable standards of living for all citizens.

Times have changed

By Marie-Claire Mendes France

The writer, wife of the late French Prime Minister Pierre Mendes France, is chairperson of the French Committee of the International Centre for Peace in the Middle East. She gave the following at a symposium on peace in the Middle East, held Jan. 31-Feb. 2 in The Hague, Netherlands, and jointly organised by the international centre and the Free University of Am-

TIMES have changed. It took the Palestinians 40 years to recognise Israel. Let's stop talking about terrorism. With the Stockholm and Geneva declarations, Yasser Arafat has finally recognised Israel: U.N. Resolutions 1g1, 242 and 338 stipulate the existence of two states side by side.

If I would then have any advice for Prime Minister Shamir, I'd tell him: "Here you have a unique opportunity of going down in history as the one who hrought peace to your country, Before a fragile peace is imposed from outside, now is the time to invite Yasser Arafat and to meet him why not? - in France, a country friendly to both parties."

Today 1 rejoice in the libera-tion of Faisal Husseini by Israel. Direct negotiations between Israelis and Palestinians should start without delay, with guarantees and without donble-talk, as often the same words have diffe-

Snre enough, peace will not be made in one day, and protocols of agreement belong not only to the politicians but also to jurists and to all those from both sides who endeavour to bring differing viewpoints together. For more than a year, the intifada has signalled despair. It will calm down once negotiations are underway, because bope will be revived with the ending of the

If Israelis do not have a right to refuse others what they wanted for themselves, Israel's responsible leaders also have the duty finally to ensure a secure existence for their people. For both peoples the status quo is suicidal. However, the destiny of both Israelis and Palestinians belongs only to themselves. Israel has to get free from the occupied terri-

occupier's yoke.

At all costs, confidence between both warring groups has to be established — that is our task as people belonging to the peace camp. There will be haggling, compromises will have to be worked out, perhaps there'll be border corrections. Yet Israel has to return the territories, and after peace has been established no fresh claims should be made. U.N. guarantees shall have to be

extended in order to avoid this. Let's continue working on both parties to hring them closer together. I take the liberty of

rent meanings in East and West. General Dayan, advising him urgently to go to Cairo, as a victor, and to exchange the territories for peace. You know what came out of that... From 1976 and at their demand. Mendes France attended meetings between Israeli doves (such as Lova Eliav and General Matti Peled) and PLO representative Issam Sartawi. When in 1977 President Sadat made the gesture of going to Jerusalem, peace with Egypt followed — and incredulity gave way to joy in Israel.

In July 1982, Pierre Mendes France, Nahoum Goldmann and Philip Klutznik puhlished the following appeal: "Peace need not be made between friends hut between enemies who have struggled and suffered. Our sense of Jewish history and the moral imperatives of this moment require us to insist that the time is urgent for mutual recognition between Israel and the Palestinian people. There must be a stop to the sterile debate, whereby the Arab World challenges the existence of Israel and Jews challenge the political legitimacy of the Palestinian right for independence.

"The real issue is not whether the Palestinians are entitled to their right, but how to bring this about while ensuring Israel's security and regional stability. Amhiguous concepts such as 'autonomy' are no longer sufficient, for they too often are used reminding you that Pierre to confuse rather than to clarify. Mendes France sent — right after Needed now is the determination to confuse rather than to clarify. to reach a political accommodation between Israeli and Palesti-

nian nationalisms.

"The war in Lebanon must stop. Israel must lift its siege of Beirut in order to facilitate negotiations with the PLO, leading to a political settlement. Mutual recognition must be vigorously pursued. And there should be negotiations with the aim of achieving co-existence between the Israeli and the Palestinian peoples based on self-determination.

This statement was made near-

ly seven years ago. The Lebanese war was a foolish enterprise. 1 mourn for Israet's children who died for nothing, just as today I mourn Palestinian children daily killed or wounded in the territories. Enough blood shed! As a

traumatising one's own youth in the process. Are Israel's leaders so blind as to lead their country to ruin

fighter for human rights, 1 am

ashamed that one may give

orders to shoot at young children.

democracy and instice. Let n ! so once again by recognising it PLO as representative of the Palestiman people and by oegi ning peace talks. It is high tim Israel must not forgo the oppo-tunity presenting itself today, le the field be left open to extrer ists from both sides. Too mar opportunities have been waste-The chance for peace must l seized. Now - Israel and Pale une Political Report.

and of the world at large?

Israel used to be a beacon



before the eyes of its own citizens New arms talks will aim to cut Europe's tanks and big guns

By Richard Balmforth Reuter

BRUSSELS - East and West embark on their most ambitious arms talks next week, their sights set on cutting huge stocks of non-nuclear armaments and lifting the shadow of military confrontation from Europe.

The conventional forces in Europe (CFE) talks in Vienna will bring together for the first time all 16 North Atlantic Treaty Organisation and all seven Warsaw Pact allies for negotiations certain to last for years.

A successful outcome, NATO officials say, could rid Europe of thousands of tanks, big guns and heavy armour, and raise East-West relations to a new high.

"We'll be dealing here with the fundamental problems of Easttouched in 40 years," a NATO official said.

Virtually since the founding of the alliance 40 years ago, the allies have argued that the Warsaw Pact's superiority in hattlefield firepower would almost certainly force NATO to use nuclear

weapons to beat off a land offen-

With public opinion in Western Europe increasingly reluctant to see a military threat from the Soviet Union under Mikhail Gorbachev, diplomats say the negotiations will prove a further test of NATO's credibility with its own

On the face of it, the Western allies hold few aces. With little to offer except bet-

ter relations, they hope to coax Moscow and its allies into scrapping buge numbers of tanks, artilery and other heavy weapons to bring them down to an equal level with NATO forces.

The CFE negotiations, which will begin in earnest on March 9 after three days of ministerial speeches, will succeed the mutual and balanced force reduction (MBFR) talks that were wound up on February 2 after 15 fruitless years. Those talks were on troop cuts in seven central European conntries.

Moscow too has talked of the need for military stability. But it bas challenged the West's posialready rough parity between the

NATO's fear is that Gorbachev, a master of dramatic peace initiatives who has already announced unilateral Soviet arms cuts, will impress Western public opinion with apparently generous offers which hard-nosed military negotiators would be forced to reject because they would weaken the West too much.

Still, diplomats helieve the CFE talks will not share the fate of MBFR, because of Gorbachev's innovative approach to arms control and his apparent need to trim the Soviet military machine and switch resources to the domestic economy. "We bave reason for bope. We

have a number of signs in that the Eastern side, the Soviet leadership, is beginning to take a more realistic approach to the alongside what we are fundamental problem of the con- see in Vienna," one NATO offifrontation of conventional forces in Europe," chief U.S. negotiator, Stephen Ledogar, said recently.

The region under negotiation is ly to be a nightmare. vast — stretching from the AtlanUnlike in MBFR, the tion by asserting that there is tic coast to the Ural mountains allies will focus on ways of cutting mutually-acceptable definitions

that mark the eastern edge of Soviet European territory.

The new talks, from which

nuclear and naval forces are excluded, will mark the first time that France, a NATO member but outside its integrated military command, bas taken part in arms reduction negotiations. No-one has any illusions that a formidable effort will be required

deal to meet the security considerations of 23 countries. On the NATO side the run-up has been marked by concern in Norway on the oorthern flank and in Turkey in the south that their security interests might be compromised if the allies focus

to hammer out the details of a

attention on central Europe. "Superpower talks involving only the United States and the Soviet Union are child's play cial predicted.

How to verify a final deal against cheating with inspections in the countries concerned is like-

Unlike in MBFR, the NATO

weapon systems rather than man-They are seeking to curb the

front-line West Germany that would catch the West off guard. Their opening bargaining position will be to propose equal ceilings for three main types of weapons that can seize terrain tanks, artillery and armoured troop-carriers. But that will mean deep cuts on the Soviet side while

NATO reduces its forces by only fraction. NATO has proposed tank reductions to an equal ceiling of 20,000 on each side which would, according to its figures, mean the pact cutting by 37,000 tanks against 2,200 by the alliance.

It is also pressing for no one country to hold more than 12,000 tanks — a binit that would particutarly hit the Soviet Union which NATO says bas 37,000 tanks in the area.

A differing Soviet assessment of the military balance on Jannary 30 suggests there will be wrangling over how to agree on

Warsaw Pact's ability to launch a "short-notice" offensive against cle or what constitutes a ma battle tank or a light tank a formidable questions to so out," Colonel Andrew Duncan: the London-based Internation Institute of Strategic Studie

(IISS) said.

of key weapons categories.

Defining what exactly const

tutes an armoured infantry vel:

"One of the first things we as going to have to do is to mak sure we are both counting apple when we are discussing apples.

Ledogar said. The Soviet Union bas als served notice that it wants to cu attack aircraft. But NATO reluctant to concede this early o since it would rely heavily o

aircraft to combat a breakthroug by Soviet ground forces in a war Once interim agreements has the reductions should be, the will then be the question of whe the cuts should fall and on whit forces. Both sides will want r

ductions in the others' front-lin But diplomats say that is st

Drinking water in Amman — quashing the bubbles

(PCB) pose a significant risk to water consumers in Amman, especially to breast-fed babies. 5. Excess mitrate in Amman's drinking water poses a threat to babies.

6. Chlorination is not an appropriate water treatment. In fact, none of these statements is true.

A more accurate representation of the facts is as follows: 1. The Zai water treatment plant is more than capable of treating the water in the East Ghor Canal. It is a state-ofthe-art surface water treatment plant designed to treat water with widely varying quality. It has a multitude of possible treatment processes that allow it to treat water of much poorer quality than that currently found in the East Ghor Canal. Treatment plants of similar design are used throughout the

face water for municipal supply.
2. Trihalomethanes (THM) are formed when raw water containing organic material is treated with chlorine. The amount of THM formed depends on the amount of organic matter in the raw water, the amount of chlorine added, the length of contact time of the chlorine with the water, the pH

world to successfully treat sur-

and the temperature. Chloroform (one form of THM) has been shown to cause cancer in rats when given in extremely high doses. Several epidemiological studies in the U.S. bave shown a relationship between exposure to THM in drinking water and increased rates of certain types of cancer. However, the National Academy of Sciences Safe Drinking Water Commit-tee concluded that a causeand-effect relationship had not been established.

The amount of organic material in the raw water entering the Zai plant is relatively low compared to surface waters used for municipal supply in other parts of the world. In addition, the amount of THM

formation is minimised during treatment by the use of permaneauate to destroy organic material prior to chlorination, by the use of activated carbon to remove additional organic matter, by chlorinating late in the process to minimise contact time, and by using the mini-mum amount of chlorine necessary, consistent with effective treatment.

In anticipation of the presence of organic material in the water, WAJ instituted a monitoring programme designed to assess the concentration of total organic material (TOC) throughout the system. TOC is measured from the intake at Deir Alla to the terminal reservoir in Amman. These measurements provide a management tool to reduce the amount of TOC in the water and consequently to minimise the formation of THM.

The results of monitoring have shown a gradual reduction in TOC resulting from the conrdinated action of WAJ and the Jordan Valley Authority (IVA) to protect the water course from introduction of harmful substances either naturally or by human action.

There are no reliable data that demonstrate excessive THM concentration in Amman water. It is unlikely that THMs pose a significant risk to consumers of municipal water in

3. Polynuclear aromatic hydrocarbon (PAH), both natural and man-made, are widely distributed in the environment. The major non-natural environmental sources are from combustion of fossil fuels, and from cooked food. Many PAH compounds, or their metabolic products, have been shown to produce tumours. PAH compounds tend to localise in the body in fatty tissues, but show little tendency to accumulate there or to undergo bioconcentration because PAH are rapidly and extensively metabolised.

The major exposure of people to PAH comes from food, where it forms during cooking. Water is an insignificant source of PAH. Typically less than one-tenth of one per cent of daily PAH intake comes from drinking-water.

Approximately two-thirds of the PAH in water are bound to particulate matter, and are removed by filtration during treatment. Much of the remaining PAH is removed by oxidation. Chlorination removes 50-60 per cent of PAH while filtration with activated carbon removes up to 99 per cent. All three of these processes are used at the Zai treatment plant.

PAH are likely to be an insignificant risk to consumers of municipal water in Amman. 4. Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) is another item on the

shopping list of environmental contaminants presented in the article that have no relevance to the water supply in Amman. It is irresponsible in the extreme to frighten mothers that drinking Amman water may hring harm to their babies through breast feeding.
It is also inconceivable that a

statement like is published "the mother is feeding her baby contaminated fat..." in hreast milk without the most stringent verification of the true risk.

Polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB) are not generally considered a risk in drinking water. Neither the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency nor the World Health Organisation (WHO) regulates the amount of PCB in drinking water. Although PCBs are ubiquitous in the environment, serious contamination by PCB is usually found in highly industrialised areas where there bas been disposal of numbers of powerline transformers. The most likely water-related ronte of exposure for humans is through consumption of fisb, which greatly magnify any PCB contamination from the water in which they live.

The area surrounding the East Ghor Canal is not highly industrialised, nor are fish from the canal a significant portion of the diet of Amman resi-

PCBs are likely to be an insignificant risk to consumers of municipal water in Amman. 5. Although nitrate, at high concentration, can contribute to the occurrence of methemoglohinemia in bottle-fed infants, the nitrate concentration in the East Ghor Canal is at least ten times lower than the accepted national and international standard.

Some groundwater sources in the Amman area exceed recommended nitrate concentration. These sources are used only after the water is hlended with higher quality water, such as that from the East Ghor Canal. No water supplied to any resident in Jordan exceeds the applicable quality standard for nitrate.

WAJ is keenly aware of the risks of high nitrate, and maintains a continuons monitoring programme to test for nitrate. The records of this programme are available for inspection by any interested party.

There is no risk from high nitrate concentration to consumers of municipal water in 6. Chlorination is the treat-

ment method of choice for municipal water supplies throughout the world. Chlorination is effective, relatively inexpensive, forgiving of considerable variation in treatment parameters, and it provides a residual disinfection effect throughout the distribution network.

Chlorine dioxide treatment is expensive and requires very close control of operating parameters to avoid formation of a variety of potentially harmful substances.

Ozone treatment is expensive, and provides no residual disinfection. Most ozone treatment systems add chlorine after ozone treatment to provide for residual disinfection. Ozone treatment also produces byproducts whose effects are not well known, and may be

The formation of any poten-

tially harmful substances as a result of chlorination during the treatment process can be minimised in a modern treatment plant such as the Zai plant by careful process control. The risks of loss of life from inadequate disinfection, which can he as bigh as thousands per day, far out-weigh the possible risks of treatment by chlorination.

Treatment by chlorination is not a risk, but rather a considerable benefit to consumers of municipal water in Amman. In addition to these general comments, there are some specific statements in the article that require comment.

Dr. Elias Salameh stated that the 1987 Thames Report specified certain specific pre-conditions before King Abdullah Canal water could be supplied for domestic use. In fact, on page 77 of the Thames Report it is stated, "In general, the King Abdullah Canal water was suitable for the type of treatment afforded by the Zai system." The items mentioned hy Dr. Salameh were offered as suggestions for further precaution, not as preconditions for use of KAC water (ref. pg. 39, Thames Report).

Nevertheless, all precantionary measures recommended in the Thames Report have been instituted by WAJ as a means to ensure that water delivered to Amman from the Zai system meets the highest standards of quality and safety.

Dr. Salameh also stated that the THM level in the King Abdullah Canal was "far above international standards." In fact, prior to delivery of water from Zai to Amman, two samples were analysed for THM. The RSS obtained a result of 5 ppb (parts per billion), and Dr. Salameh's laboratory at the University obtained a result of 80 ppb. Aside from the considerable difference in these results, which leads one to suspect the validity of the analysis, both these results are well within accepted standards for THM (the U.S. EPA standard is 100 pph for total f

THM). Recent analysis for total THM by the WAJ laboratories

obtained values of 70 pph for THM and less than 1 ppb for chloroform. The World Health Organisation (WHO) guideline for chloroform is 30 ppb. Dr Salameh also stated that supplying water from the King Abdullah Canal is too expen-sive. He said that water should

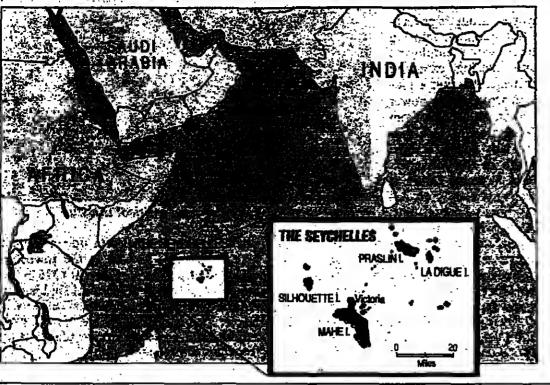
be supplied from the south of

Jordan, and that such water would not require chlorination because it is groundwater.' How it will be cheaper to pump water from the south of Jordan to Amman than it will be to pump it from the Jordan Valley needs considerable explanation, and Dr. Salameh offers no evidence in support of his assertion. The writer of

the article should have required Dr. Salameh to justify this assertion. No one with a good grasp of the public bealth issues involved with supplying drinking water to municipal areas would suggest that water from any source could safely be supplied to Amman without chlorinanot need chlorination simply because it is groundwater shows a considerable lack of knowledge about water quality

and water supply. The quality of their drinking water is of vital concern to all people because water is necessary for life. Most people can not choose their water supply but must use the water sup plied to them. The Water Authority of Jordan is keenly aware of this, and is continual ly improving its policies and practices in order to always supply water of the highest quality, in sufficient quantity, to meet the needs of consumers in Jordan.

Development and operation of the Zai treatment plant to supply high-quality water to the citizens of Amman is but one example of the many ways the WAJ responds to the everincreasing demand for drinking water in Jordan.



Tourism fuels Seychelles economic boom

By Francis Mdlongwa

VICTORIA — The idyllic, sunbathed and almost magical Sevehelles islands depend on tens

of thousands of wealthy tourists. when most economies of the Third World are in turmoil.

With virtually no natural resources to depend upon, the Seychelles' Socialist Government of President Albert Rene has had to somewhat tone down its previous left-wing rhetorie to try to woo the visilors, most of them from Britain, the United States, West Germany, Italy and South

In 1988, 77,050 tourists visited the Seychelles, a group of more than 100 coral and granite islands 1,000 kilometres off the East African coast, earning the coun-

try about (\$100 million), nearly 40 per cent of gross national product.

The 1988 figure represented an increase of 16 per cent over 1987 and was the driving force behind the island's 6.1 per cent real They have finelled the economic growth last year. Gov-Archipelago's boom at a time ernment officials forecast this will again be achieved, if not exceeded, in 1989.

The islands' economic growth has averaged about four per cent annually in the past four years. "We don't go for mass tourism, but for selected groups who have a high spending capacity." Kata Carolus, marketing director of

"We believe in providing qualiservice and have this added thing going fot us - the unique beauty of the islands, the unspoilt beaches and the year-round sun-

the tourism department, said.

shine," she said

plans to nearly double the num-ber of hotel beds in the Seychelles by adding another 4,000 by 1992, when the country hopes to cater for 125,000 tourists who are expected to bring in \$171.5 million.

Limit no. of tourists

Carolus said the figure of 125,000 was the maximum that the Seychelles could cater for without straining the islands' re-

"Thereafter, we shall limit the number of tourists as we may not cope," she said, interviewed in the fading brown coloured independence house, seat to most government departments in the capital Victoria, which blends spectacularly well with the white

and brown sands of the beaches. A government policy document just published says of tour-Her department is working on ism development plans: "A fun-

damental element is the preservation of the natural and physical environment... not just for visitors but for the Sevchellois (citizens of the Seychelles)

themselves." It says steps will be taken to control removal of sand for construction from beaches, prevent

the encroachment of buildings on the beaches and keep them clean. Tourism and its related industries employ more than 12 per cent of the islands' workforce of 20,000 people.

As well as tourism, the Seychelles is now beginning to develop the tuna fishing industry, which last year became the second largest earner of foreign currency after tourism, hauling in \$4.16 million

But local economists are worried about the Seychelles' heavy reliance on tourism and fishing. "The Seychelles is very vulner-

moving things, tourists and tuna fish, whose movements it has no control of."

If the tuna migrated, as they often do, and there were a major problem in the industrialised countries so fewer tourists came, the Seychelles would virtually

collapse, he added. Tourism suffered heavily just after a failed 1981 coup by South African-led foreign mercenaries Asked whether there was a contradiction in having large number of South African tourists visiting the Seychelles when Re-

South Africa, Carolus said: "We don't undertake any tourism promotion in South Africa hut surprisingly they (South Africans) come here. We, of course, welcome all visitors so long as they respect our laws and are genuine tourists.

ne's government is fiercely anti-

The pleasure and pain of punditry

From the dewn of history, certain individuals have been treated with a mixture of ewe and hostility because of their (usually erratic) ability to foretell the future. In Egypt they were priests, shamans in Siberia, prophets in the wilderness — and economic forecasters in the modern world. An OECD forecaster explains the hazards of his profes-

By Nicholas Vanston

PARIS — The tools of trade of the professional forecaster have varied over the millennia, but have generally consisted of something more or less concrete — tea leaves, animal entrails, computer listings — together with a large measure of subjective

judgement. Forecasters make their living by "interpreting the data." A successful forecaster may be simply lucky, or have a flair based on experience, knowledge, a good memory, and the ability to put together seemingly unrelated bits of information which then spell a message.

No one knows what went on in the mind of a Roman angur. Twentieth-century observers find it difficult to believe that the birth of a two-headed calf in Germany would inexorably lead to the death of an emperor in Rome, for example, but perhaps the forecaster concerned had already noticed signs of a fatal illness in

- ---

21

the emperor in question. Nowadays, forecasters - economic forecasters, at any rate -are much more inclined to place their faith in empirically estabtory causal mechanisms.

If the government raises tax rates, people will have less money

to spend than previously, so they will probably spend less, and sales will fall. By analysing what happened in the past in similar circumstances, the forecaster hopes to be able to make a reasonably accurate prediction of

what would happen in the future. Alternatives

Virtually all economic forecasting is based on this method. Relationships which were stable in the past are assumed to remain so in the future. Economic forecasters are therefore accused of "steering the car by looking in the rear mirror." It is a fair criticism, but if the windscreen is opaque, and as long as the road is reasonably straight and broad, what is the alternative?

The methods used by economic forecasters are similar to those used by scientists. Astronomers can predict eclipses of the sun or the moon to within a fraction of a second scores of years in advance. Rocket engineers can predict the trajectory of an interplanetary probe to within a few metres when it is a million

kilometres from Earth. How? Because the laws which govern gravitational attraction between large objects have already been established to a very high degree of accuracy, and it is

safe to assume that they will continue to operate.

On the other hand, it is inherently impossible to measure both the position and the velocity of an electron or other elementary particles. The smaller the object the fuzzier it becomes when you try to take a closer look at it. The highly accurate predictions of astronomers and engineers are possible only hecause they are dealing with large ob-

For the economic forecaster, people are electrons: their individual behaviour is unpredictable. Individual decisions as to what to huy, how much to buy, where to work, what sort of work to do, and so son, are influenced by many factors, only some of them economic. But with a large number of individuals, many of the non-economic factors tend to cancel one another out and predicting behaviour, say of households in a country, becomes easier than predicting the behaviour of just one household.

But the non-economic factors never "cancel themselves out" entirely and so there is inevitably a margin of uncertainty in any economic prediction. Worse than this, the economic laws themselves change through time as institutions evolve and as the structure of society itself changes.

Irrelevant tools

In the 1950s and '60s, for example, mainstream economists believed that they understood how and how to keep them growing at top efficiency with low unemployment and low inflation. But as inflation rose the traditional ways of controlling it seemed no longer to work very well. The oil price shocks of the 1970s plunged the OECD into recession. The old

tools appeared to be irrelevant. But were they really? In fact they were ill-adapted to the new problems. It was like trying to extract screws with a pair of pliers. With experience the economists have found the screwdriver, as it were, and the inventory of forecasting tools now is larger than ever before. Whether it is as big as the problems pre-sented to the experts today remains moot however.

With the world's stock markets connected 24 hours a day and information flowing at an unpre-cedented pace and in unprecedented volumes, analysis and prediction has reached a new sophistication and speed. At the same time, economists have become more ambitious. No longer content with simply "running equations" in order to make quantitative estimates of, say, the impact of a 10 per cent rise in the price of hread on the demand for jam, economists now construct very large multi-equation models of individuals, markets, countries

even the world. The rationale for constructing such models is that although one may well have clear ideas of how the individual bits and pieces of a system work, it is extraordinarily difficult to analyse how the complete system in which they are embedded will function if one

sector is nudged a little.

If there is one ball on a hilliards table, it is fairly easy to guess where it will end up if it is hit in a certain direction. But if there is a score of them, working out where they will all end up after they have rehounded off one another repeatedly as well as off the sides of the table is a problem that requires some difficult mathemanics and a lot of calculation. In economics, moreover, the billiards table is not even flat and it keeps changing its size and shape.

Interlinks

But governments have to know where all the halls are at any given moment and various institutions, of which the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development (OECD) is one, have devoted much time and computing facilities to huilding large models in order to tell them. The OECD model is known as "Interlink", it is one of the few existing models that actually analyses the entire

Unlike the soothsayers of old, the OECD forecasters are not paid to tell governments and the wider world what will happen. They are paid to tell governments what the most likely outcome will be if economic policies are not

It often happens therefore that outcomes are quite different from those projected, because economic policies were changed in the meantime (perhaps on account of the forecasts themselves). It also happens that outcomes are different even when the assumptions proved to be accurate - we all make mistakes. When the price of oil fell sharply in 1986, the OECD secretariat forecast that inflation would fall and that real growth would accelerate substantially after a short delay. In fact, it took a year or more for growth to respond.

Sometimes we get it right — well, nearly. After the stock-market crisis in October 1987 we said that there would be no recession, but that growth would slow down. There was no recession. and growth did slow down.

We come in for our fair share of gentle ridicule from the press and from our colleagues when our projections go wrong, but no member government seriously questions the vaue of our forecasting work, and certainly media interest in our forecasts remains high. — Academic File.

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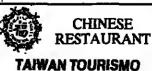
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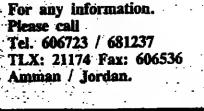
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Tunisia to speed up privatisation

TUNIS (R) — The Tunisian government will speed up its privatisation programme this year to make up for time lost last year because of drought, central bank governor Ismail Khelil has said.

Khelil told Reuters in an interview the government went slow on privatisation during 1988 because the drought produced unemployment and it did not want to exacerbate the problem by selling off state companies with labour surpluses.

We will accelerate the process this year. The public sector now accounts for 60 per cent of the economy and we still plan to bring that down to 40 per cent by the end of 1991," he said.

The next targets for privatisation are three hotels in the Tanit chain, some textile and huilding material factories and some small subsidiaries of the state-owned Societe Tunisienne de Banque,

Khelil said that provided good rains continued into March, the grain harvest would be normal and overall economic growth could meet the hudgeted target of

The disastrous harvest of 1988. when grain output was about one sixth of the average, cut economic growth to 1.5 per cent, revised from an original estimate of

tourism revenues to show a slight progression in 1989 after the boom year of 1988, when tourism reach 1,080 million dinars (\$1,150 nillion).

The boom helped produce the first balance of payments surplus in Tunisia's modern history about 20 million dinars (\$21 million) - and brought foreign exchange reserves up to 733 million dinars (\$785 million), equivalent to 85 days' imports, by the end of the year, he added.

used any of the extended financing facility of 207 million Special Drawing Rights (\$270 million)

China may have 250m surplus workers by 2000

240 to 260 million surplus workers by the end of the century, threatening serious economic disruption if more jobs aren't found, an official daily newspaper said Thursday.

The report came as cities in this

ple, has put out an emergency appeal to the state 10 help it handle 2.5 million mostly rural outsiders who have flocked to the province in recent weeks.

The daily, citing a report by the

The State Statistical Bureau said last week that the urban work force increased by 3.6 million last year, to 135.7 million.

would be unemployed. Although it said.

0.9 per cent. The governor said he expected receipts in foreign exchange jumped almost 90 per cent to

As a result Tunisia had still not

the government has called on

BEUING (AP) — China will have

The Economic Daily (Jingji Rihao) said more than 200 million of the surplus labourers reside in overpopulated rural areas.

nation of one hillion try to cope with a deluge of rural migrants looking for better-paying city

The prosperous southern province of Guangdong, for exam-

China Rural Development Re-search Centre, said China's labour force is growing by an estimated 10 million a year, outstripping the number of new

The report did not estimate

ciently, most state-run plants continue to retain their excess workers rather than lay them off. Economists say 20 to 30 million

of the urban work force is excess manpower that could be cut without affecting production.

million peasants have left the farm to work at small rural enterprises that have shot up during the past decade of economic re-

prises are now in trouble or closing down because of inefficiency, lack of energy and hasic materials, or a cutoff in credit as the

labourers exceed job opportunities in China's underdeveloped areas, there is still a demand for labour in developed sections of the country.

how many of the surplus workers the international labour market,

creasing their ownership of U.S. banks, which are handicapped against world competition by outdated federal regulations, the chairman of the Federal Deposit Insurance Corp. (FDIC), L. William Seidman has said.

businesses to operate more effi-

In the countryside, some 80

However, many of these enter-

government moves to slow down the overbeated economy.

The report said that while

It suggested an easing of the nation's strict residence regulations to allow for greater worker mobility. The country should also set up a special rural labour development organisation to organise rural labourers for work on

World Bank suspends credits to Argentina

WASHINGTON (AP) — The World Bank Thursday held up \$350 million worth of installments on two loans to Argentina, saying the country failed to meet all conditions in making economic reforms, hank officials said.

"Much has been done by the government to implement its re-form programmes," said the officials, who hriefed a reporter on condition they not be identified. "However, specific conditions (for release of the installments) ...have not been met yet."

The officials declined to specify the unmet conditions, but they said the loans involved were to improve trade policy and to make banks more effective.

Recognising the serious efforts made by the government by the past six months, the World Bank continues to support Argentina's efforts to restructure its economy by regaining de-

OUT

ces: 3:30, 6:15, 9:00

Lasr October, the hank approved four loans worth \$1.25 billion for Argentina, one of the most heavily indehted countries in Latin America. Argentine foreign deht is about \$55 hillion. Bank officials said that so far

the hank had given \$254 million of the package to Argentina. The action taken Thursday was to "defer the authorisation for

dishursement" of "tranches" or installments of the \$300 million trade loan and the \$400 million hanking loan. The hank had extended the first half of the trade loan and was

half of that loan plus the first half of the hanking-sector loan for a total of \$350 million. The package approved last October also included two invest-

planning to hand over the second

WANTED

ment loans.

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available to it from the International Monetary Fund.

The country might resort to the facility during 1989, however, to cover a balance of payments expected to slip back into deficit, he

Budget documents forecast that grants and longterm loans will more than cover a current account deficit of 285 million dinars (\$305 million) in 1989.

"On reserves, we've made great progress... 1 think if we continue to improve our reserves then we can start to make the dinar convertible during the next. five-year plan (which starts in 1992), gradually of course, " he

WASHINGTON (R) — Euro-

Congress will be forced to con-

sider modernising bank law and

granting American banks the

power to enter new areas due to

the crisis in the U.S. savings and

loan (SL) industry, Seidman told

President Bush's recent reform

proposals, designed to rescue the

500-plus insolvent thrifts, could

enable Congress to change bank-ing law, Seidman said. Bush

proposes giving the FD1C respon-

sibility for managing the Federal

Corp. (FSLIC) — which insures thrifts — although two separate

"Obviously Congress is very

interested in avoiding another in-

cident like the SL mess, which is

hanks and insures their deposits.

Such reforms would come at a

time when European and

world. The European Commun-

funds will be maintained.

Reuters in an interview.

pean and Japanese firms are in-

The aim of convertibility would be to encourage the foreign investment which Tunisia needed to speed up economic growth and prevent an increase in unemployment. Unemployment already stands at about 15 per cent overall and is higher among youngs-

we start to relax the foreign ex- allowed to take part. change restrictions, ir would attract investors from outside," Khelil said.

The central bank has been planning to introduce a limited foreign exchange market in Tunisia to give the local banks experience of currency dealing.

to represent powerful forces for

acquisitions of financial institu-tions around the world," Seid-

man said. France boasts three of

the world's top 20 hanks, while

Britain has two and West Ger-

In addition, Japan is consider-

ing changes that would move

away from American-style tradi-

tional hanking to a European

system of universal banks engag-

ing in a variety of financial ser-

vices, he said. Nine of the world's

top 10 hanks are Japanese - all

But U.S. hanks are prevented

from developing a national hase

of deposits or from entering

lucrative areas such as underwrit-

ing and dealing securities because

of laws such as the 1933 Glass-

Steagall Act - the "wall" he-

ment banking, the chairman said.

Seidman suggested that Con-

gress, which wants to reduce risk

for federally insured institutions

while letting them match foreign

competition, should let banks and

A factor in the SL crisis was the

"There is going to be great

freedom some states gave thrifts

to engage in speculation while the

except no. 8 Citicorp.

many has one.

Top financial regulator sees more

foreign ownership of U.S. banks

The governor said the new market, which will draw its resources mainly from the retained foreign exchange earnings of ex-porters, should start operating very soon.

But the central bank will retain control of the interest rates prevailing in the market, against the "We cannot rely only on wishes of the Tonis-based domestic savings for this. When offshore hanks which will be

"It's too early to float the rate... it will be a small market and we cannot leave it to foreign forces," he said.

The rate would however in the same range as those on international markets "so that there won't be any distortion.'

firewalls between it," Seidman

said, referring to the "firewalls"

that would insulate a bank or

thrift from a risk-taking subsidi-

Seidman said he hopes Con-

gress would agree this year to let

states grant new powers to hanks

Risk of interest rates

On another matter, Seidman said the U.S. thrift crisis is further

imperilled by current high in-

Rising rates increase the costs

of rescuing SLs, Seidman said,

adding: "A substantial increase in

interest rates could threaten a

great many more thrifts in terms

Higher interest rates have long

hurt insured financial institutions

because they are slower to raise

rates than money market funds,

Net withdrawals from U.S.

thrifts were between \$4 hillion

and \$5 billion last month, Federal

Home Loan Bank Board Chair-man M. Danny Wali has said,

without giving any figures for

Wall, whose bank board over-sees the FSLIC, attributed the

and social liberalisation.

terest rates.

of their viability."

Seidman said.

through these separate units.

ary in case the unit fails.

frenzied investors pushed trading volume at the Istanbul Stock Exchange to an all-time high as Turkish stocks hit a 1989 peak Thursday.

"Look at this," shouted one dealer amid hectic bidding. "Two months ago nobody cared. Now. everyone is thirsty to trade."

The index hit a high of 563, 82 before closing at 548.68 after profit-takers moved in. Trading volume was a record 3.083 billion lira (\$1.5 million).

higher returns than thrifts.

we are seeing much more than we

Bush has given the FDIC new

powers to manage hundreds of

insolvent SLs while Congress

considers reform laws. Seidman

predicts that Congress will

approve Bush's SL rescue plan,

which would raise \$50 billion to

close or sell involvement thrifts

Meanwhile, Seidman said Capitol Hill has strong sentiment

toward changing a provision that would make the head of the

Federal Home Loan Bank system

dustry - subject to the treasury

which oversees the thrift in-

Seidman said the FDIC should

hreak even this year or bolster

reserves slightly, even though it

will face over 100 hank fai-

lures. Bank failures and assist-

ance deals totalled a record 221

through bond sales.

secretary.

would expect.'

At the exchange, a crowd of about 900 people strained to see the prices. They meinde elderly shopkeepers, university students, smart young businessmen and

ISTANBUL (R) - Crowds of bazzar.

Turks frenzy over shares

"One dealer gave a hundred to buy whatever he thought stocks, bankers say. one banker said.

The rise in the index of 4.3 per cent Thursday and 29.2 per cent since last Friday was due to the price of shares being seen as undervalued, to cuts in bank deposit rates, expectations of lower inflation and poor returns from investment in gold and foreign currencies, bankers said.

"Why should 1 buy gold or deposit my money in banks? They are all wiped out by the cost of living. So 1 am going to buy stocks," said an old woman.

The upturn in stocks also reflects good results from companies last year despite 75 per cent inflation.

The optimistic mood was underlined by Prime Minister Turgut Ozal as he described a \$1.5 billion balance of payments surplus in 1988 as "a historic disintermediation," which occurs when other investments such as turning point. money-market mutual funds offer

"Since 1973, Turkey had always had a deficit," Ozal told a news conference in Ankara.

Seidman said such withdrawals were not a problem, adding: There has been a slow take-Long-term bopes that prices down of deposits that was going on several months. 1 don't think million Turkish investment fund to buy.

due to be launched this numerier. It is the first of several foreign million lira (\$50,000) chaque to mutual funds worth hundreds of his young shop-runner and sent millions of dollars waiting for him down here. He told the boy permission to buy into Turkish

"Prices are still low and the run will go on until they reach a realistic level ... a share in a water company was costing less than a bonie of the water it made," said Muharrem Karsh, chairman of the Istanbul Stock Exchange,

The index is based on 100 in January 1986 when the stock exchange was reformed. It his a high of 1,332 in August 1987 just before the October crash. It reached a post-crash low of 362 in November 1988. Many losses have been held over from the

crash. Market officials said inventors had become more mature and calculating since the speculative boom of 1987, when people were ruined after selling house-andhome for shares.

The exchange still attracts all types, including hearded Islamic fundamentalists wearing skull-

aps.
"In our religion interest is banned," said shopkeeper Bekir Karahan. "Here there is no in-terest but buy-and-sell profit. f will rise are linked to a \$60 am just waiting for the right time

Feb. 18-22

AMMAN EXCHANGE RATES

Thursday, March 2, 1989 Central Bank official rates

| Japanese yen (for 100) | 410 7 | 424 3 | Dutch guilder | 259.4 | 262 1 | Swedish crown | R5.1 | 86.0 | Italian lira (for 100) | 39.7 | 40.1 | Belgran franc (for 10) | 139.7 | 141 1 538.0 542.0 925.4 935.6 292.9 296.1 342.6 346.4 86.0 86.9

Amman Financial Market weekly trading

Following is a summary of trading during last week and the previous week:

Feb. 25-March 1

TD 504 324

	1D 898,417
JD 2,931,631	JD 4.492,088
1,601,339	2,171,671
2,667	3.241
al trading:	
JD 2,025,972.	JD 2.797,804
(69.1%)	(62.3%)
JD 614.049	JD 1,427,058
	(31.8%)
(8.9%)	(4.3%)
(1.1%)	(1.6%)
128.0	129.4
62	65
11	
45	22 37
6	6
	al trading: JD 2,025,972 (69,1%) JD 614,049 (20.9%) (8.9%) (1.1%) 128.0 62 11 45

Peru imposes second austerity programme

Savings and Loan Insurance tween commercial and invest-

going to cost \$100 hillion or thrifts conduct new activities

more," said Seidman, whose through a parent firm or separate agency regulates 14,000 U.S.

Japanese banks are flexing their government guaranteed deposits financial muscle around the through the FSLIC.

ity's drive to shed internal trade pressure as they (Congress) try to

barriers by 1992 will give its 12 narrow the risks of deposit insur-

member nations more strength in ance to let them (hanks) compete

global markets, Seidman said. by doing these other things in a

"Europe, with its 1992, is going separate institution which bas

LIMA (AP) — The government imposed the second in a series of four monthly austerity packages, aimed at reducing Peru's record inflation by cutting government

Consumer prices rose 42.5 per cent in February, the National Statistics Institute has reported, despite an initial austerity plan

launched Feh. 1. The measures imposed included a currency devaluation of 23.3 per cent, reducing the value of the official rate Peruvian currency, the inti, from 920 to 1,200 to the dollar.

In addition, the prices of pro-ducts subsidised by the govern-ment were increased. Consumer prices for basic foods, such as wheat, cooking oil and milk, were increased between 33 per cent and 50 per cent, and gasoline went up 28 per cent, according to the government.

The minimum monthly wage rose from 42,000 intis to 55,000, equivalent to \$46 at the official equivalent to \$46 at the official free market exchange rate, which rate, and salaries for all state was 1,300 intis to the dollar and and non-unionised

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private workers rose a similar percentage.

The government has acknow-ledged that inflation will continue to rise in the short term because of the price and wage increases. But the government said inflation eventually would decline with a

Independent economists said President Alan Garcia's econo-

ficit was the major reason for Peru's high inflation, which hit an all-time record last year of 1,722 per cent.

in May, the government had been steadily reducing the types of products it subsidises. Now, most imported products

caused heavy deficit spending.

decrease in government spending for subsidies

mic policies, which previously involved subsidies on a wide range of consumer and industrial goods, They said the government's de-

Before the programme of au-sterity measures, which concludes

must be purchased at the floating unchanged by the new measures.

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sees the FSLIC, attributed the withdrawals partly to "normal reserves \$4 billion to \$14 billion." **ECONOMIC NEWS BRIEFS**

Vietnam drops economic rigidity

BANGKOK, Thailand (AP) - Vietnam's ruling Communist Party bas relinquished its monopoly on directing the economy and granted a much greater role to the government and parliament, a Vietnamese government adviser has said. The party realised that its rigid socialist economic policies had failed and fundamental reforms were needed, said adviser Nguyen Xuan Oanh. He said the party decided to restrict its role in economic matters to overall policies and leave the implementation to the government and the national assembly. The decision was announced at the assembly's session last December, he said. "The frame within which the government and the national assembly operate is much bigger," Oanh told a news conference. "We are getting much closer to the Western model of parliamentary government." Since pragmatist Nguyen Van Linh became Communist Party chief in December 1986, the party has adopted a series of reforms aimed at fostering a more market-oriented economy and has promised some political

Japan stays top investor in Australia

CANBERRA (AP) - Japan remains the largest foreign investor in Australia with most money heing spent on real estate, according to government figures. The Foreign Investment Review Board said Japanese investments last year reached the equivalent of \$4.3 billion, an almost 70 per cent increase from \$2.6 billion the year before. Total overseas investments in Australia last year reached almost \$20 hillion, the board said. Britain was the second largest foreign investor in Australia with \$3.8 hillion, followed by New Zealand with \$2.2 hillion and the United States with \$1.4 hillion. The board said nearly 60 per cent of Japanese investment went to buy and develop tourist facilities and other real estate, mainly in the states of Queensland and New South Wales. Japanese investments have triggered a backlash in Australia with critics accusing the Japanese of pushing up land and housing prices. The federal government, which strongly supports Japanese investments, has asked the Tokyo government and Japanese companies to try to direct more investment into manufacturing.

Malaysian palm oil output shoots up

KUALA LUMPUR (AP) — Malaysia's total palm oil production surpassed five million tons in 1988, the Palm Oil Registration and Licensing Authority has said in a report. Last year's production reached a combined 5.03 million tons, up 10.9 per cent over the previous year's output of 4.53 million tons.

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LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Friday.

One Sterling 1.7220/30 U.S. dollar Canadian dollar One U.S. dollar 1.1940/50 Deutschemarks 1.8430/37 2.0800/10 Dutch guilders 1.5765775 Swiss francs 38.62/67 Belgian francs 6.2700/50 French francs 1359/1360 Ttalian lire 128.00/10 Japanese yen 6.3275/3325 Swedish crowns 6.7350/7400 Norwegian crowns 7.1800/50 Danish crowns One ounce of gold 386.50/386.90 U.S. dollars

WORLD STOCK MARKETS

SYDNEY — Australian stocks surged again as investor optimism about steadier interest rates swept through the national market. The All-Ordinaries Index rose 14.0 to 1,508.9

TOKYO - Share prices fell after the bond market took a sharp downturn when Bank of Japan Governor Satoshi Sumita said Japan would take adequate and early action to maintain price stability if necessary. The Nikkei fell 73.63 to 32,000.10.

HONG KONG - Stocks closed sharply higher, in line with Wall Street's firmer levels, as investors discounted an expected prime rate rise later Friday afternoon. The Hang Seng index rose 46.10

SINGAPORE — Renewed buying interest pushed share prices higher over a broad front in active trading ahead of a budget statement. The Straits Times Industrial Index rose 12,95 points to

BOMBAY — Share prices salvaged fresh gains for a second successive day on continued buying by the state-owned financial institutions. In textiles, Century shot up 125 rupees to 1,660. FRANKFURT - Shares ended a turbulent week sharply higher as the market rebounded vigorously on short-covering. The Real-

Time 30-share Dax Index closed at 1,325.82, 1.3 per cent or 16.55

points above the previous close. ZURICH - Shares closed higher in moderate trading with banks attracting good demand after goode 1988 Credit Suisse results. The All-Share Index added 9.1 points to 967.9.

PARIS - Share prices ended at highs after a moderate session in average volume but with buying focussed on blue chips. The 50-share price index ended 1.31 per cent higher.

LONDON - Share prices were off their days highs as Wall Street showed a small early decline and buying interest ran out of steam. By 1603 GMT the FTSE 100 index was up 17.5 points to 2,057.2. NEW YORK - Stocks were narrowly lower with traders reluctant to take long positions ahead of the weekend. The Dow was off four at 2262.

races this season, came in third in

Sweden's Lars-Boerje Eriksson

Helmut Mayer of Austria came

Ingemar Stemmark of Sweden,

who will retire after this season

with 86 world cup victories.

Marc Girardelli of Luxem-

The womeo's giant slalom is to

The world cup moves next

week to Shiga Kogen, in central

be held Saturday and the men's

bourg, who has already clinched

finished seventh in 2:17.61.

finished fourth in 2:16.96, followed by Bernhard Gstrein of

Austria in 2:17.25.

in sixth in 2:17.59.

Furuseth, who led after the the world cup overall title this

Pirmin Zurbriggeo of Switzer- Japan, the final leg of the season.

Stenmark: just unbeatable

Swedish Star Ingemar Stenmark, retiring after the current series of World Cup ski races in Japan, said Thursday he thought nobody would beat his record of 86 World Cup race victories.

Marc Girardelli of Luxembourg is a distant second with 27. The 32-year-old Stemmark said he is retiring because "I do not

have 100 per cent motivation for the ski training and the race itself

"Frankly speaking," Stemmark said, "my practice run was not so good this morning as I had nine days back since Aspen,

He said, "I skied pleasantly before hut it's not so pleasant now. I will (work) in the ski business after retirement this season."

ing Girardelli to win a World Cup giant slatom on Feb. 21.
Asked about differences between the World Cup, the World Ski

Championships and the Winter Olympics, Steamark replied, "as a sportsman, the World Cup is the most worthy, but to win in the

At Aspen, Stenmark ended a two-year victory drought, overtak-

"I am satisfied with today's slalom Sunday.

Jordan rally: awards for '88 bright prospects for '89

AMMAN (J.T.) — The Royal Automobile Club of Jordan (RACJ) Thursday held a prizegiving ceremony for winners of various titles in the 1988 Jordan car rallying competition and announced that a new "Silk Cut Challenge" award worth JD 2500 would be given to the "most promising" competitor in the 1989 season.

During Thursday's event, Mr. Walid Asfour handed out the number one drivers award to His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah who was also given a second seed driver's license by the Interna-'nonal Federation of Automobile Sports (FISA). The driver's second award went to veteran driver Issa Halabi, while Jordan's former champion George -Khayyat received the third place award. Mohammad Suchaman Ayman Zayed received driver's for fourth and fifth place respectively.

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The group A awards went to Sharif Jamil Ibn Naser in the first place, Mazen Khabazy in second and Sinan Saudi in third. ...

· Receiving the co-driver awards for first place was Ali Bilbeisi, for second Leith Qasem, and for third Khader Al Qassir. Moham-

Royal Highness Prince Faisal, on behalf of whom Prince Abdullah received the award.

The 1987 manufacturer's award went to the Nissan company of Jordan and was received by Ziad The Jordan National Rally,

scheduled for Friday the 17th of March is of special interest for several reasons, the Royal Antomobile Club of Jordan announced in a press release. The main attraction will be the appearance of His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah Ibn Hussein who is expected to drive a special raily prepared Mercedes 190 E, a car never previously involved in loose surface events before in the Middle East. Prince Abdullah is hoping to add to his long string of rally victories which have resulted in him clinching the Jordan Drivers Championship in 1988, the second time that he has done so. Another new car for Jordan will be a Ford Sierra Cosworth in the hands of the ladies team of Malia Asfour and Amal Ghandour.

The route of the rally is largely the same as the second leg of the third Khader Al Qassir. Mouati-mad Natour received the fourth Rally that is scheduled for next international Rothmans Jordan

place co-driver award while the May. This will provide a valuable fifth place award went to His opportunity for Jordanian competitors to obtain experience and extra practice over the special stages that will be used - several for the first time. A special attractioo for both drivers and spectators will be a special stage in the centre of the horse racing track at

> The rally will start from the Alia Gateway Hotel at nine a.m. and will follow a circular route that takes the cars through desert stages down the Aqaba highway to Qatrana and then back to Madaha along the Kings Highway where there will be a number of tests. The leading car is due back at the Gateway Hotel at approximately 4.30 p.m.

> There will be a number of ancillary attractions associated with the rally; the statement added the sponsors, Konica film will be organising a photographic competition to select the best pictures of the rally - free entry forms are available at the RACJ. Radio Jordan's English Service, as always, will be providing a comprehensive results and information service during the entire event - well worth listening to the radio all day. In addition to the RACI has prepared a specta-tor guide for those who would like to go out and watch the raily.

This gives directions to interesting places and times that the cars are expected to pass. This is available at the RACJ and the cluh will be happy to fax it to anyone interested

As the first event in the 1989 national motor sports calendar the Jordan National Rally, sponsored by Konica, promises to be an event filled with interest and drama both for the competitors and for those going out into the country to watch the cars in ac-

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Brad Gilbert reaches final in Dallas

DALLAS (R) - Brad Gilbert came to the \$685,000 world championship tennis finals as a replacement for West Germany's Boris Becker, then beat Swedes Stefan Edberg and Mikael Pernfors to reach the final. Gilbert, of the United States, scored a 6-3, 6-7 (4-7), 6-3, 6-3 win over Pernfors in three hours and three minutes and stands to earn a minimum of \$100,000. "I have had some good breaks this week," said Gilbert, a tournament replacement for an ill Becker." "I am surprised to get in, but I took advantage of the situation. I was fortunate and I capital-

Pistons 96, Jazz 85

NEW YORK (AP) - Vinnie Johnson set a clnb record by scoring 19 consecutive Detroit points in the second quarter of Wednesday night's 96-85 victory over the Utaz Jazz. Johnson, who finished with a season-high 34 points, was 8-for-10 from the field in the second period and hit six straight shots in one stretch. The 19 straight points broke the team record of 16 set by Isiah Thomas against the Knicks in the 1984 playoffs. Mark Aguirre added 16 points for Detroit, all of them in the first period, and Bill Laimbeer had 14 points and 13 rebounds. Karl Malone led Utah with 27 points.

Hill looks ahead to a big pay day

BISMARCK (R) - Virgil Hill sees the latest defence of his World Boxing Association light-flyweight title against fellow-American Boby Czyz Saturday as the springboard to big pay days in the future. "Just beating him won't be enough," said Hill. "I have to look impressive. That's why this is the biggest fight of my career. A good showing here and I can make a lot of money."
Hill, unbeaten in 23 fights, is a 5-1 favourite to make a fifth successful defence of his crown. Czyz, the former International Boxing Federation champion who has a 34-3 record with 24 wins inside the distance, said he would pursue the champion aggressively from the opening bell. "He doesn't have the reputation of being a big puncher," said Czyz. "I'll come at virgil as long as 1

'Johnson used drug Intentionally'

TORONTO (R) - Ben Johnson, who has denied he knowingly took steroids, intectionally used the banned drug before two world records runs and twice expressed concern about being caught, his coach said Thursday. Charlie Francis, testifying under oath for a third day in a government inquiry into drug use in amateur sport, said he iojected Johnson with a muscle-building steroid in July 1987. A month later Johnson set a 100-metre world record of 9.83 secoods at the World Athletics Championships in Rome. Francis, Johnson's coach since 1977, said he also received injections of the water-based steroid furazabol in June 1988, wheo be was being treated by Dr. Mario (Jamie) Astaphan on the Caribbean island of St. Kitts for a hamstring injury. Three months later, the Jamaican-born Johnson was stripped of his Olympic 100-metre gold medal after traces of the steroid stanozolol were found in his urine.

Schneider glides to victory

Nierlich covered the 1.150-

metre (3,795-foot) Furano Gon-

dola ski course in a total time of

two minntes 15 seconds. He was

clocked at I:05.39 and I:10.59,

vertical drop of 341 metres (1,123

race as I finished within the top

three," Furuseth told reporters.

Olympics is a wonderful thing."

The course has 48 gates and a

respectively.

I: II.97.

FURANO, Japan (AP) - Vreni Schneider of land, who won three world cup Switzerland Friday won an unprecedented 12th world cup triumph of the season and her sixth straight win in the women's slalom.

Rudolf Nierlich of Austria posted his third victory this season, winning the meo's giant

"I am happy as I came ooe step closer to the world cup womeo's overall title." Schneider said after her victory. "I feel I am getting better day by day so I have no pressure at present."

Schneider will compete in the first run, fioished second in seasoo, finished ninth in 2:18.10. 2:16.05 after skiing 1:04.08 and giant slalom here Saturday and if she finishes within the top 10, she will be the overall leader.

Schneider flashed down the 63gate teyameter (1,769-foot) course in 1 minute 42 seconds. She was timed in 52.22 in the first run and in 48.95 in the second run and finished 0.64 seconds ahead of Veronika Sarec of Yugoslavia, who Sarec finished secood in 1:41.28

Sarec led after the first run, which she finished in 52.14, but Schneider overtook her by 0.19 seconds in the second run.

Tamara McKinney of the United States came in third in

Camilla Nilsson of Sweden came in fourth in 1:42.16, followed by Anita Wachter of Aostria in 1:42.79.

In sixth place was France'a Patricia Chauvet in 1:42.81 and seventh was Christine Von Gruenigen of Switzerland in

In the men's giant slalom Nierlich came from behind to win the event 0.45 seconds ahead of Christiao Ole Furuseth of Norway.

"I am so happy to win the race as I was more than one second behind the leader after the first run," Nierlich said. "In the second run. 1 tried my best, even at the risk of dropping out. I'm always thinking to be no. q in the

Ma'in SpaVillage

WINNING NUMBERS

11212 10294

97418 5215



GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN

ANSWERS TO WEEKLY BRIDGE QUIZ

Q.1-As South, vulnerable, you **★A5** ♥72 ♦A87 ★J109542 Partner opens the bidding with a demand bid of two spades. What do

A .- Nothing's perfect. It is a choice between three spades and three clubs. For the former, you want a third spade; for the latter, you would like a better suit. Our own preference is for three clubs, since a club slam might be your best spot, but the arguments for three spades

Q.2-Neither vulnerable, as South

4Q7632 QAK1076 Q7 483 Your right-hand opponent opens one club. What action do you take? A.—Unless you have a specialized bid available that shows a limited major two-suiter, such as a Michaels cue-bid, you should plan on showing both your suits. Therefore, overcall one spade, with the intenturn unless the auction is too high.

Q.3—Both vulnerable, as South you

KJ762 95 CAJ82 +J105 The bidding has proceeded: East Pass Pass South 1 # North 1.♥ 3 ♥

What action do you take? A.—A tough problem. Despite the probable misfit, there should be a game somewhere. Since partner is showing a good, long suit, four hearts has considerable appeal, but it's a trifle unilateral. We would opt for three oo trump-partner can still act if his hand is not suitable.

you hold:

· · · ·r ··

J. 7. 180

(x,y)

the auction. The only sensible bid is two hearts—even if your methods permit opening with a four-car

A.—An awkward hand. You are oot strong enough for three clubs.

yet you have too much to stay out of

◆A8 ♥762 ♦ J103 **◆KQ652**

The bidding has proceeded:

What action do you take?

North East South West 1 ♥ 2 ♦ ?

Q.5-Neither vulnerable, as South A8 \$\times_762 \$\circ\$ J163 \$\display\$ \$\times_6652\$ The bidding has proceeded:

North Fast South West East South
2 (2 ♥
Pass ?

What do you bid now? A.—Partner has made a move to-ward game, and were it not for the quality of your heart support, you would consider going straight to four hearts since you have a maxithough, we prefer showing partner-where our length and strength isbid three clubs.

South you hold: Pass Pass Pass

What do you bid now? A .- If you jumped to four hearts. you have judged your holding much too pessimistically. With three aces, a singleton and a trump fit, you are in slam territory. Complete the picture of your hand by bidding three clubs now, then jumping in hearts at your next turn, even if you have to go to the five-level.

FORECAST FOR SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1989

YOUR HOROSCOPE - As Charted By The Carroll Righter Astrological Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: If P.M. may push you to get involved life needs more diversity today, it implanned activities, could be a mixed blessing. All systems say go to it, but do not rush headlong into activities that adventure. Young family members are based on indulgence which affects your well being depicted block. Wheth not supervised. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) You are riding high, but the financial 21) Relax alone or do things for caution light is still lit. It is hard to yourself. A good pat on the back complete tasks when interruptions disrupt schedules.

GENERAL TENDENCIES: If P.M. may push you to get involved

TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20)
You are feeling satisfied with family. affairs. A humorous friend those you care about. Your dependablightens the day. You finish a difficult task.

CFAURUS (May 21 to law 21)

CFAURUS (May 21 to law 21)

brightens the day. You finish a difficult task.

GEMINI (May 21 to June 21)

Now that things have settled at work, put the same effort into home affairs. Avoid needless fretting. Have some family fun.

MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to Jul. 21) You are forced to cut back on weekend plans. Reassess your plans and start anew. Overtures come from a surprise source.

LEO (Jul. 22 to Aug. 21) You pick the right path and have others on your wavelength. Others are attracted to your magical social touches.

your wavelength. Others are attracted to your magical social touches.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22)
Mental powers are been and in focus. It is favorable to work on tasks that require intellect and logic. You are in a weigel of the second to the creative arts. The personality of your child will be interpreted by many as being unworldly, lofty, inspirational and socially rebellious.

LiBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) You sense advantages that will improve life is largely up to your your lifestyle. Restless moods in the © 1989, McNaught Synd.

Champions advance, **Aouita finds his feet**

BUDAPEST, Hungary (AP) — Olympic champion Roger Kingdom of the United States and two other medallists at the games cruised into the semifinals of the men's 60-metre hurdles as the World indoor track and field championships hegao Friday, while two U.S. sprinters failed to

In the women's 60-metre dash, all favourites moved into the semifinals, including world re-cord holder Nelli Cooman of the Netherlands, Merlene Ottey of Jamaica and Gwen Torrence of

the United States. In the men's 200 heats, world iodoor record holder Bruno Marie-Rose of France finished last in his heat and barely made the semifinals. American Kevin Little won that heat to easily advance.

There was disappointment, however, for American high jum-per Thomas McCants, who failed to clear the opening height of '2.10 metres (6 feet, 1034 inches).

Moroccao Said Aouita attempts to enhance his reputatioo as one of the most versatile athletes of his generation at this weekend's world indoor athletics championships. A newcomer to indoor racing,

Aonita chases gold here fully rested and refreshed after limping out of last year's Seoul Olympics with only an 800 metres hronze

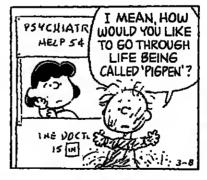
multi-world record holder and 5,000 metres world champioo ontdoors remains the ooe genuine superstar of these cham-

pionships.

The 28-year-old is easily capable of overshadowing the clutch of Olympie gold medallists assembled here, having acquired the skills of indoor racing in four hrief weeks in the United States.

Aouita, who made his indoor debut on the hrightly-coloured boards of New York's Madison Square Garden on February 3, has yet to decide whether to run

Peanuts







Mutt'n' Jeff







Andy Capp

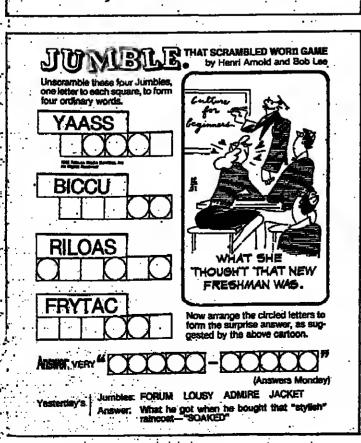


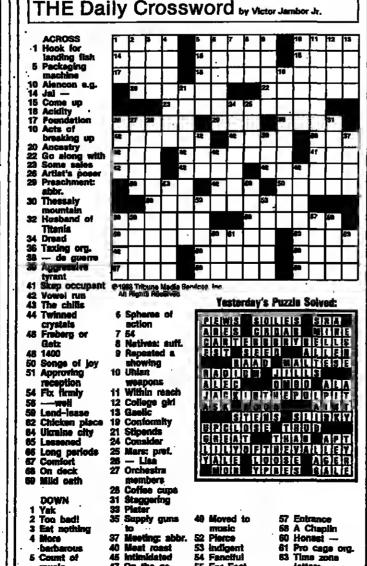






cruise once, but I had to bring my own can of worms "





Fugitive rats give

TOKYO (R) - Two fugitive rats have given themselves up after

grounding a Japan Airlines (JAL) 747 for 30 liceuts by hiding in the

said Friday. The pair were among

25 laboratory rats imported from

New York who ran away after

Wednesday night. Frantic seas-ches by airline officials failed to uncover the rodent hideout, but

eventually they came out by themselves. "Where were they hiding for over 30 hours? You'd have to ask the rats," the spokes.

man said. The plane was sche-

duled to return to New York

immediately, but had to be

grounded until the two were

found, causing a six-hour delay for more than 300 passengers.

LONDON (AP) - A track travelling north from Birming-ham in central England spilled

thousands of hypodermie needles along a highway Thursday and about 75 drivers later reported

flat tires, police said. "The nee-

dles were scattered for one to

three kilometres but it could have

been 15 or 25 kilometres before a

motorist noticed his tires going down," said a West Midlands

police officer who spoke on con-

dition of anonymity, the usual custom. We believe we have

traced the lorry (truck) driver and

he could be charged with damag-

ing other vehicles," said a traffic

control police spokesman in

Man suffers from

Birmingham.

Drivers needled on

English highway

their cage broke open about the jumbo jet shortly after it arrived at Tokyo's Narita airport

cargo hold, a JAL spokesm

themselves up



Making an impact... A Venezuelan protester smashes in the roof of a car amid protests on price increases.

Uneasy calm in Venezuela

CARACAS (AP) — Soldiers hunted for snipers early Friday and the sound of automatic weapons echoed through the capital before dawn. But the president's chief of staff said the city was returning to nor-mal after four days of riots that reportedly left more than 300

The government Friday was to open food-distribution centres to relieve shortages caused the unrest's widespread

looting. El Nacional, a leading independent newspaper, reported that more than 300 people died, 1,500 were injured and 3,000 arrested in the capital since the violence began Monday night in protest of new government austerity measures that included increases in bus

fares and gasoline prices.
As a third dusk-to-dawn curfew sertled over the city Thursday night, soldiers continued house-to-house searches in downtown Caracas and in the capital's western slums, looking for snipers and looted merchandise.

In one case, soldiers fired at a balcony when they saw peo-ple standing there, frightening them back inside.

In a nationwide television broadcast Thursday night, President Carlos Andres Perez' chief of staff said the capital was steadily returning to normal, but acknowledged that there were still "pockets of disturbance" that the military was lrying to quell, There is a growing process

of normalisation in the capit-al," said Reinaldo Figueredo.

He urged Venezuelans to go back to work and promised public transportation would resume normal schedules.

Venezuelans, unaccustomed to being in a state of emergency after three decades of political stability, have tended to remain on the streets despite the curfew, making soldiers

Growing food sbortages threatened to thwart the government's attempts to restore order following four days of agitation over price hikes.

Looters emptied the shelves of supermarkets and neighbourhood grocery stores in the early days of rioting. Since tben, soldiers have guarded stores, where people have been waiting hours in line to buy such staples as eggs, bread and cheese. Figueredo said the govern-

ment was setting up a fooddistribution network in the capital of four million people with supplies airlifted from around the country.

As part of its effort to relieve the shortages, the government has exempted drivers of food trucks from the curfew.

"The industrialised nations have to be aware of the route they are sending Latin America down," said Perez.

Bonn computer hackers exposed

BONN (R) — A television network said five West German computer hackers have been arrested for giving passwords and secrets from western military and industrial computers to the Soviet

A federal prosecutor's spokesman partially confirmed the espionage case, reported Thurs-day night by the ARD television network, but said three hackers were arrested on suspicion. Spokesman Alexander Pre-

chtel told Reuters two hackers in West Germany and one in West Berlin were being held on suspicion of infiltrating computer net-works worldwide to obtain secret data for an East bloc spy agency.

Prechtel declined to identify

the East bloc country or the computer networks infiltrated.

ARD's "Panorama" publicaffairs programme said the hackers provided the KGB with password codes and secret data from military, industrial and research computer networks in the United States, Western Europe and Among the systems infiltrated,

it said, were the U.S. Defence Department's general staff data bank Optimis, the U.S. nuclear arms laboratory in Los Alamos, New Mexico, the U.S. space agency NASA, and various U.S. military supply depots.

The hackers, using home computers, also penetrated data banks of the French-Italian arms maker Thomson, the West European nuclear research centre Cern in Geneva, the European

Space Agency (ESA) and the Max Planck Institute for Nuclear Physics in West Germany, it said. Information on state-of-the-art computer programmes and hlueprints for making microchips was stolen from West European electronics companies, Panorama

Other cnuntries where sensitive computer systems were penetrated included Britain, Italy and Switzerland, it said.

West German security police raided six homes in West Berlin, Hanover and Hamhurg Thursday in search of evidence, the television report said.

The Panorama report said five hackers were arrested, although an ARD statement released hefore the report aired said three were arrested. The discrepancy could not be immediately clar-

Panorama said the KGB recruited the hackers in 1985 and paid them several bundred thousand marks (dollars). One hacker was a drug addict and also received drugs, it reported.

KGB agents spirited the data out on the subway train from West Berlin to communist East Berlin, where the Soviet spy agency has a large office, Panor-

The programme said it was the worst known espionage case in West Germany since the 1974 exposure of Guenter Guillaume, an East German spy wbo was a top aide to then-West German Chancellor Willy Brandt.

Ethiopian soldiers stranded in Tigray amid rebel advance

NAIROBI (AP) - A government order to abandon reference to Tuesday's reports by war-torn northern Ethiopia has stranded some government soldiers and troops for lack of transport, a diplomatic source said Friday.

"There are no government troops fighting there," the foreign envoy, who bas long experi-ence in Ethiopia, told the AP by telephone from the capital of Addis Ahaha.

"I understand it will take them a long time before they can re-turn," the source added. He spoke only on condition he not be identified.

The government Monday ordered troops, civil servants and political commissars to evacuate Tigray province following a series of victories by the rebel Tigre People's Liberation Front

"Even those who are left are in southern Tigray," said the envoy. "There are no government offi-

cials in the north." However, the envoy said he did not know if the rebels had moved into the towns abandoned by the

On Thursday, President Mengistu Haile Mariam's government, in its first reference to rebel victories, told Ethiopians "to be ready for an active involvement in every area of the armed struggle," the official

Ethiopian news agency reported. "No nation can tolerate violence, and there is no alternative now except to join hands and difuse the aggression launched against the Ethiopian people," the government said in a state-

The statement made no direct

the insurgents that the government had evacuated Tigray's provincial capital, Makalle, "fearing humiliating and shaking defeat as in Enda Sellasie and surrounding

Makalle is 770 kilometres northwest of Addis Ababa. The Tigray rebels have been fighting the government for 14 years to press for autonomy.
'The whole of Tigray is now

liberated from the fascist regime of Mengistu," Yemane Kidane, a rebel spokesman in Sudan's capital, Khartoum, told the AP Tuesday.

The government statement said "the secessionist TPLF and the Eritrean People's Liberation Front bad coordinated attacks against Ethiopian army along Adwa, Axum and Enda Sellasie route with the view to dismember the Ethiopian Red Sea area from the rest of the country.



A child plays with a mortar bomb in Ethiopia's northern Tigray province where famine and a war for regional autonomy have killed

shacked up with somebody else tried to use some of the language

Vietnamese boat people ponder why they did it

HANOI (R) — Lung Thanh Thuy is a pretty 21-year-old with an engaging smile and to this day she is still wondering what made her elimh into a rickety fishing hoat and head across the South China Sea to Hong Kong.

Thuy, one of 75 Vietnamese boat people who returned voluntarily to Hanoi Thursday under a United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) sponsored scheme, told Reuters in an interview: "I bonestly don't know why I did it. I was with a group of six friends and one night they

said they were going. I just decided to follow. "As soon as I got to Hong Kong I realised I made a mis-

take. I asked straight away to go back."

Officials in Vietnam, Hong Kong and other Asian countries are hoping that thousands of other Vietnamese boat peo-ple will do what Thuy did and opt to return to their home-

They faced a bleak future in Hong Kong. She arrived after a major change in government policy June I6 last year, and because she could not prove she was a genuine refugee under United Nations criteria, she was tagged an illegal immigrant and held in a detention centre pending repatriation.

Face with that, she said, she

under a scheme agreed last year by Hong Kong, Britain, Vietnam and the UNHCR.

Vietnam has agreed not to punish those who return as long as they behave, a move seen by officials involved in the programme as the key to its

Thuy said she was under no illusions as to what could have happened on ber return.

Sitting next to the boyfriend she met in the Hong Kong camp, she grinned and said: "I thought to myself if the government is generous when I return then I'll be grateful. But If I was to be punished, well,

A lively girl who said she loved the cinema and dancing, Thuy will be reunited with her family Monday after medical checks in a holding centre near Hanoi.

But if teenagers and young people like Thuy are looking forward with happy anticipa-tion of heing able to resume their lives, others interviewed by Reuters were less than

Nguyen Thi Tuan, a 43-yearold mother of three, managed the family restaurant in Hanoi until her abrupt decision to flee by boat in the bopes of reaching the United States by way of Hong Kong. She was plainly terrified of meeting her

family again. Throughout the interview

or gorien drunk, there'd be no

government," former Senator

Barry Goldwater told reporters

accumulation of evidence con-

tained in voluminous FBI reports

shows Tower drank to excess and

acted improperly toward women.

by the nominee cannot be

ignored," Armed Services Com-

The FBI reports, summaries of

interviews with named and un-

named persons, belong to the

White House and are supposed to

be confidential but bave been the

mittee Chairman Sam Nunn said.

The record of alcohol abuse

But Democrats say that au

Thursday.

she twisted her hands nervously and several times dabbed ber tear-filled eyes.
"I suppose I felt that as I can

cook very well, I could go to the United States, set myself up and sponsor my children. But of course it couldn't work out like that," she said.

All those interviewed Friday said they preferred to live in Vietnam, although they were clearly uneasy at times when asked why they had left in the first place.

Western diplomats said that although Hanoi was determined to keep its word not to

in the reports by citing press

ebriated, loud and garrulous"

were some of the words, he said.

press reports to discuss confiden-

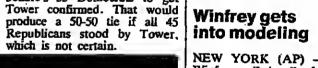
Senate's 55 Democrats to get

"Crocked, severely drunk, in-

accounts of their contents.

identity crisis punish the returnees, it was possible they could face some MERRITT ISLAND, Florida form of harassment at local (AP) - Sheriff's Deputy Charles

White responded skeptically when someone phoned police to report that Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi was dining at a Merritt Island restaurant. But when White and another deputy arrived at the restaurant Sunday night, he quickly spotted the cus-tomer who had prompted the call. Michael Belman, 34, was eating quietly with his three-yearold son. "We sat down beside Gienn's statement sparked an about the whole situation."
White said. "He favours (resembles) him." Belman, a Florida jeweler, said his face has gotten argument over whether be was setting a bad precedent by using tial documents and Glenn agreed him into trouble before. "At to have them stricken from the times it's fun and at times it's fearful," he said. "I've seen (Qadhafi) on TV just a few times. The administration needs to We do favour each other quite a win the votes of at least five of the



NEW YORK (AP) — Oprah Winfrey, called an "unforgettable woman" in a new cosmetics advertisement, says she hopes the designation will inspire young blacks. "As a child, it never occurred to me I might be considered beautiful. Because none of the models looked like me," Winfrey said Tuesday in the newspaper USA Today. "If just one little black girl sees the photo and thinks she's beautiful because she sees a part of herself in me, I will be grateful." A photo composite by Richard A vedon of the newly by Richard Avedon of the newly slim, leotard-clad talk-show host appears in the magazine "W" with a dozen more magazines to follow. Winfrey was chosen because of a beauty that is "height-ened by her intelligence and softened by her warmth and good humour," said Revlon Chairman Ronald O. Perelman. Lizz Minnel-li, Brooke Shields and Audrey Hepburn preceded Winfrey as "unforgettable women" in the advertising campaign.

Authorities seek to break up 'marriage'

PEKING (AP) — Two men, one a former soldier and the other a farmer, married each other recently in a traditional ceremony in rural China, according to an official report. Local authorities are now trying to break up the "marriage" and the ex-soldier, who has acknowledged be is a homosexual, has been fired from his job, the weekly Press Digest (Baokan Wenzhai) said in a report seen Friday. Ye Xing, 26, a decorated four-year veteran of the People's Liberation Army. played the role of the bride in his Jan. 10 marriage to Li Liming, 30, the weekly said. Nearly 100 friends and relatives were invited to the ceremony and banquet in a rural area of coastal Fujian province, the weekly said. The township government and the department of public health are now trying to separate the two and Ye was fired from his job, but they are still living together with Li's family, the weekly said.

Rajiv Gandbi

Gandhi makes **Punjab** moves

NEW DELHI (R) - Indian Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi ordered the release of a group of Sikh separatists, some held since 1984, in a conciliatory move Friday aimed at ending violence in Punjah state.

The release order was among a series of measures announced hy Gandhi in parliament.

The measures included lifting travel restrictions on foreigners in Punjah and withdrawal of special security force powers to arrest and try suspected Sikh separat-

The release of an unspecified number of prisoners from jail in Rajasthan state, held there since a military operation against extremists in Puniah in 1984, is expected to lead to talks between hardline Sikhs and the govern-

Some 367 Sikhs, mainly from the militant All India Students Federation, were detained in Jodhpur jail after the 1984 crack-

About 80 were freed between 1986 and 1988.

Gandhi told the lower house of parliament Friday that Jodhpur detainees to be released under his new measures would not include tbose charged with specific

His announcement appeared a significant step towards resolving a conflict in which more than 150 people were killed in February alone, political analysts said.

The violence was triggered by a campaign by hardline Sikhs to gain greater political and economic autonomy for their prosperous state on India's border with Pakistan.

The campaign took a violent turn around 1982 with the emergence of extremists pledged to creating an independent Sikh nation carved out of Punjab.

Tower fight intensifies as decision nears

excessive drinking and womanis- air force base in Texas in 1976-78. ing against John Tower as the battle over his nomination as defence secretary began in the

U.S. Senate. Their campaign to prove Tow-er has been the victim of character assassination got a boost Thursday when Senator John McCain of Arizona said a report that be fondled two women while drunk at an air force base was

false. that retired air force. Sergeant bate over Tower, whom they Robert Jackson told the Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) vant and a victim of press smears. and the Senate Armed Services Committee that Tower had fon- woman out of this town who

WASHINGTON (R) - Republi- dled two women and appeared cans blasted the latest charges of drunk on two visits to Bergstrom

> McCain said the base commander and three other officers had said that Tower made only one visit to the base in 1975 and produced a letter from the air force general counsel saying Jackson had been assigned to the base in 1976 and was retired on psychiatric grounds in 1978.

the report and denial to try to The Washington Post had said seize the high ground in the deportray as a dedicated public ser-"If they chased every man or

Republicans were quick to use



Party animal: Tower plays Superman at a Dallas gathering in 1978



Ladies man: attending a dinner with friend Dorothy Heysen

Jobless aliens crowd Los Angeles LOS ANGELES (AP) - The ans, Ecuadorans, Mexicans and

nation's second-largest city is "saturated" with aliens denied iobs because of the new immigra- Phoenix, authorities said. tion law, possibly leading to this week's arrests of I75 suspected illegal immigrants aboard flights lines' flight to New York were to New York, officials said.

men a night sleeping in our while boarding the same flight in church. We now have 90. We also Los Angeles. have 40 women and children in our convent," said the Reverend Dolores, a Roman Catholic parisb that has become a refuge to illegal immigrants from Mexico

and Central America. U.S. Immigration and Naturalisation Service (INS) agents

be fined under the law.

Wednesday arrested 27 more sus
S-and-A farm contract

Brazilians hegan with an America West flight from Los Angeles to On Monday, 79 suspected illeg-

al aliens taking an Eastern Airarrested during a stop in Atlanta. "A year ago we'd average five Late Monday, 69 were arrested

The 1986 Immigration Control and Reform Act bits employers Gregory Boyle, pastor of Mission with sanctions if they bire illegal aliens. On Wednesday, a California farm labour contractor accused of more than 330 violations of the law became the first agricultural business in the nation to

S-and-A farm contractors of pected illegal aliens aboard a Madera was fined \$153,250 for Piedmont airlines flight during a employing 27 illegal aliens who stop over flight to New York city. were arrested during border pat-The journey of the Salvador- rol sweeps in January, said J.

der Patrol Office in Livermore. Some officials say the law may be the reason why illegal immigrants are turning away from their longtime destinations of California farms and the sprawling Los Angeles metropolitan area. Neil Jacobs, the assistant INS

director for investigations in Atlanta, described Los Angeles as "literally saturated with aliens," and said word has gotten around that they can't get jobs. Boyle agreed, and said it stems

from the immigration law reform. "My feeling is there is a saturation here." be said, noting that movement into the agricultural San Joaquin valley evaporated

Smugglers' use of airlines is not new, although it is not considered commonplace. The Charlotte arrests were the third for immigrants.

William Carter, chief of the Bor- that Piedmont flight since October.

"Apparently, they've been us-ing the flight for the last three months pretty regularly," said David Carmichael, INS supervisor in Charlotte.

In the case of the Eastern flights, the INS believes several smugglers were taking advantage of low fares to move the aliens, who are subject to deportation if

This flight, we are hopeful, will be closed to smugglers of aliens. But we expect there will be other flights in the future," said Donald H. Looney, acting district director of the INS in Los Angeles.

Airlines say they cooperate with the INS but do not have policies of trying to determine if any passengers might be illegal